AMENDMENT OF SOLICITATION/N	10DIFICATION OF C	CONTRACT	1. CONTRACT ID CODE	PAGE OF PAGES   9
2. AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION NO. AM-0001	EFFECTIVE DATE 09/13/00	4. REQUISITION/PUR	CHASE REQ. NO. 5. PROJECT	1 2
6. ISSUED BY CODE  U.S. ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS HONOLULU ENGINEER DISTRICT ATTN: CEPOH-CT-C (R. PHILLIPS)		7. ADMINISTERED B	Y (If other than Item 6)CODE	
BLDG 200 FORT SHAFTER, HAWAII 96858-5440				
8. NAME AND ADDRESS OF CONTRACTOR (No	, street, county, State	and ZIP Code)	(X) 9A. AMENDMENT OF SC	DLICITATION NO.
			× DACA83-00-B-0006	
			9B. DATED (SEE ITEM 1 08/25	
			10A. MODIFICATION OF NO.	CONTRACT/ORDER
			10B. DATED (SEE ITEM	13)
	ACILITY CODE			
	ONLY APPLIES TO			$\nabla$
The above numbered solicitation is amended as set for			is oxtenaea,	is not extended.
Offer must acknowledge receipt of this amendment prior to t	·		,	
submitted; or (c) By separate letter or telegram which include AT THE PLACE DESIGNATED FOR THE RECEIPT OF OFFERS amendment you desire to change an offer already submitted, this amendment, and is received prior to the opening hour and	s a reference to the solicitation PRIOR TO THE HOUR AND such change may be made to date specified.	on and amendment numbe DATE SPECIFIED MAY RES	SULT IN REJECTION OF YOUR OFFER	GEMENT TO BE RECEIVED  R. If by virtue of this
12. Accounting and Appropriation Data (If require	d)			
	PLIES ONLY TO MO THE CONTRACT/ORE		CONTRACTS/ORDERS, RIBED IN ITEM 14.	
A. THIS CHANGE ORDER IS ISSUED PURSUANT TO: (	Specify authority) THE CHAN	GES SET FORTH IN ITEM	14 ARE MADE IN THE CONTRACT O	RDER NO. IN ITEM 10A.
B. THE ABOVE NUMBERED CONTRACT/ORDER IS MOI appropriation date, etc). SET FORTH IN ITEM 14, PL			(such as changes in paying office,	
C. THIS SUPPLEMENTAL AGREEMENT IS ENTERED IN	O PURSUANT TO AUTHOR	ITY OF:		
D. OTHER (Specify type of modification and authority)				
	is required to sign this docur		1 copies to the issuing office	
14. DESCRIPTION OF AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION of AMENDMENT/MODIFICATION (Passible.) FY00 OMA PKG A-53, REPAIR AND PAIN	ON (Organized by UCF T EXTERIOR, QUAL	section headings, inc. DS B, C, D, & E, SC	luding solicitation/contract sub CHOFIELD BARRACKS, HA	ject matter where WAII
SEE PAGE 2 FOR CHANGES.				
Except as provided herein, all terms and condition in full force and effect.	ns of the document refe	renced in Item 9A or	10A, as heretofore changed, r	emains unchanged and
15A. NAME AND TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or prin			TITLE OF SIGNER (Type or print	
15B. CONTRACTOR/OFFEROR	15C. DATE SIGNED	16B. UNITED STAT	ES OF AMERICA	16C. DATE SIGNED
(Signature of person authorized to sign) NSN 7540-01-152-9070	Created using Perf	. 0	ture of Contracting Officer)	RM 30 (REV. 10-83)
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PREVIOUS EDITION UNUSABLE

(Signature of Contracting Officer)

STANDARD FORM 30 (REV. 10-83)

Prescribed by GSA

FAR (48 CFR) 53.243

Am-0001
IFB No. DACA83-00-B-0006
Item 14 (continued)

- 1. <u>CHANGES TO SPECIFICATIONS</u>: Attached hereto are revised pages and sections to the specifications. The revision mark (Am-0001) is shown on each page. The following are revised paragraphs to the specifications.
  - A. <u>REVISED PARAGRAPHS</u>. Following are revised paragraphs to the specifications. Changes are indicated in bold. The following is a revised paragraph to the specification.

Section 13283: Paragraph 3.4.2 Post Work

2. CHANGES TO DRAWINGS: Following are revisions made to the drawings listed. They are provided with this amendment as sketches. These revised drawings will not be issued with this amendment but will be furnished to the successful bidder at the time of the contract.

SKETCH NO.	DWG. NO.	SHEET NO.	RING NO.	REV. DATE
SKA-1	721-11-20	SHEET A-2	2	09-07-2000
	(Am-0001: AD)	DED detail for	top trim)	
SKA-2	721-11-20	SHEET A-2	2	09-07-2000
	(Am-0001: AD	DED detail for	band trim)	

- 1. REVISE PAINT COLORS TO THE FOLLOWING SELECTIONS
  - a. All areas that are called out as "Timber Tan" or "NorWood Brown" shall remain and or be changed to "Timber Tan".
  - b. All areas that are called out for "Lulled Beige" shall be replaced with "Toasted Tan"
  - c. All areas that are called out as "Toasted Tan" shall be replaced with "Ayers Rock"
- 2. ADD PAINT COLOR FOR FASCIA.
- 3. FASCIA TO BE PAINTED TOASTED TAN.
- 3. <u>DELETIONS AND ADDITIONS</u> Delete Wage Rates (through Mod 6), dated August 25, 2000, at the end of Section 00700. Add Wage Rates (through Mod 7), dated September 8, 2000.
- 4. Bid Opening Date of September 25, 2000, 2:00 PM, Honolulu Standard Time, remains UNCHANGED.

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# SECTION 13283

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# SECTION 13283

# LEAD-CONTAINING PAINT (LCP) ABATEMENT AND DISPOSAL

# PART 1 GENERAL

## 1.1 REFERENCES

The publications listed below form a part of this specification to the extent referenced. The publications are referred to in the text by basic designation only.

# CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS (CFR)

29 CFR 1910	Occupational Safety and Health Standards
29 CFR 1926	Safety and Health Regulations for Construction
40 CFR 148	Hazardous Waste Injection Restrictions
40 CFR 260	Hazardous Waste Management System: General
40 CFR 261	Identification and Listing of Hazardous Waste
40 CFR 262	Standards Applicable to Generators of Hazardous Waste
40 CFR 263	Standards Applicable to Transporters of Hazardous Waste
40 CFR 264	Standards for Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities
40 CFR 265	Interim Status Standards for Owners and Operators of Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities
40 CFR 268	Land Disposal Restrictions
49 CFR 172	Hazardous Materials Table, Special Provisions, Hazardous Materials Communications, Emergency Response Information, and Training Requirements
49 CFR 178	Specifications for Packagings

## DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT (HUD)

HUD-01 (1996) Lead-Based Paint: Guidelines for the Evaluation and Control of Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Housing

ENGINEERING MANUALS (EM)

EM 385-1-1

(1996) U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Safety and Health Requirements Manual

NATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH (NIOSH)

NIOSH OSHA Booklet 3142

Lead in Construction

STATE OF HAWAII, OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS (HIOSH)

HIOSH 12-148.1

Lead Exposure in Construction

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

Government approval is required for submittals with a "GA" designation; submittals having an "FIO" designation are for information only. The Contractor shall submit for review by the government all submittals designated "GA". No work shall begin until the Contractor has satisfactorily incorporated all government review comments and the government has provided written approval of the submittal to the Contractor. No payment will be granted to the Contractor for delays resulting from the Contractor's incorporation of review comments. Submittal of items requiring "GA" shall not be considered automatic approval by the government. The Government shall be provided 30 days to review submittals from date of receipt of the submittal by the government. If subsequent submittals of the same document are required, the government shall be provided 30 days to review each submittal. The following shall be submitted in accordance with Section 01330 SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES:

SD-01 Data

Equipment List; FIO.

A list of equipment items to be used in the work, including brand names, model, capacity, performance characteristics, quantities and other pertinent information.

SD-08 Statements

Lead-Containing Paint (LCP) Management Plan; GA.

The Contractor shall review the specified abatement work tasks and abatement methods and shall prepare a detailed LCP Management Plan that identifies the work procedures, health, and safety measures to be used in LCP abatement. The plan shall address the various sources of lead and the methods to be undertaken to abate the lead hazards to include the following key elements:

- a. Location of LCP containing components keyed to project drawings.
- b. Abatement methods for each typical LCP containing component.
- c. Means for notifying occupants of proposed work schedules.
- d. Training requirements as required by Federal, state, and local regulations.
- e. Unique problems associated with the LCP abatement project.

- f. Sketch of LCP control areas and decontamination areas.
- g. Eating, drinking, smoking, and rest room procedures.
- h. Sequencing of LCP related work.
- i. Personnel protective equipment; respiratory protection program and controls.
- j. Engineering controls, containment structures and safety measures.
- k. Worker exposure assessment procedures.
- 1. Work Practice controls.
- m. Housekeeping.
- n. Hygiene facilities and practice.
- o. Medical surveillance, including medical removal protection.
- p. Sampling, testing and analytical methods to include personal air sampling requirements of 29 CFR 1926 Section .62, HIOSH 12-148.1 and when specified or where required, environmental air sampling, dust wipe sampling (preabatement, during abatement, post abatement), soil sampling (pre-work and post-work), toxicity characteristic leaching procedure (TCLP) sampling of the waste material in accordance with 40 CFR 261. Procedures must include frequency, locations, and sampling and analytical methods to be used.

Emergency Contingency Plan; GA

An emergency contingency plan shall be prepared in accordance with 40 CFR 261. Procedure must address the following LCP abatement hazards as appropriate to the project:

- a. Detection of unexpected lead levels on adjacent grounds.
- b. Spilling of lead debris bags or containers.
- c. Phone numbers for project manager, local fire, police and medical personnel.

Hazardous Waste Management Plan; GA.

A Hazardous Waste Management Plan shall be prepared that complies with applicable requirements of Federal, state, and local hazardous waste regulations and addresses:

- a. Identification or documentation of potential hazardous wastes associated with the work.
- b. Estimated quantities of wastes to be generated and disposed of.
- c. Names and qualifications of each Contractor that will be transporting, storing, treating, and disposing of the wastes; the facility location, phone number, and name of a 24-hour point of

contact shall be included. Two copies of EPA, state, and local hazardous waste permit applications, permits, and EPA identification numbers.

- d. Names and qualifications (experience and training) of personnel who will be working onsite with hazardous waste.
- e. List of waste handling equipment to be used in performing the work to include cleaning, volume reduction, and transport equipment.
- f. Spill prevention, containment, and clean-up contingency measures to be implemented.
- g. Work plan and schedule for waste containment, removal, and disposal. Waste shall be cleaned up and containerized daily.
- h. Cost for hazardous waste disposal according to this plan.

Waste Handling and Site Storage Plan; GA.

A Handling and Site Storage Plan shall be prepared that addresses the handling and storage of LCP debris in accordance with the requirement of 40 CFR 262 and 40 CFR 265. The Contractor shall confirm that an EPA identification number has been obtained so that proper manifesting of the waste will be addressed, and that site storage limitations, including the time of storage, container requirements, contingency plan, and personnel training have been complied with.

Waste Disposal Plan; GA.

A Waste Disposal Plan shall be prepared that will include but not be limited to the following:

- a. A written confirmation that the debris will be treated and disposed of in accordance with the requirements of 40 CFR 260, 40 CFR 261, 40 CFR 262, 40 CFR 264 and 40 CFR 268.
- b. A written confirmation that transportation of the debris will be in accordance with 40 CFR 263.
- c. Waste subcontractor's name, address, telephone number, and landfill location, including copies of licenses and signed agreements.
- d. Landfill name, address, and telephone number. A copy of the landfill's state and locally issued license, and a signed agreement that the landfill will accept the LCP wastes.
- e. Detailed delivery tickets prepared, signed, and dated by an agent of the landfill, certifying the amount of LCP containing materials delivered to the landfill, within 3 days after delivery.

SD-09 Reports

Sampling Result; GA.

A daily log of the personal and environmental air sampling test results shall be reviewed by the Competent Person and Qualified Consultant, and submitted, in written form, no more than 48 hours after completion of the

sampling cycle. The log shall list each sample result, sampling time and date, sample type, identification of personnel monitored, flow rate and duration, air volume sampled, yield of lead, cassette size, analytical method used, analyst's name and company, and interpretation of results. Results shall be reported in micrograms of lead per cubic meter of air. addition, the daily log shall include the results of dust wipe samples, soil samples, and TCLP sampling including each phase of preabatement, during abatement and final clearance. Documentation of results that exceed specified limits (personal air samples that exceed 30 micrograms per cubic meter or 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter of air for a 90 day average, whichever is more stringent) or as required by Federal, state or local requirements shall be highlighted in the log in such a manner to make them easily distinguishable from monitoring results that do not exceed specified or regulatory limits.

SD-13 Certificates

Quality Assurance; GA.

Certificates shall meet the requirements of paragraph QUALITY ASSURANCE. The statements shall be signed and dated by a certifying officer after the award of this contract and contain the following:

- a. Contractor's name and address.
- b. Project name and location.
- c. The specified requirements that are being certified.

## QUALITY ASSURANCE

## 1.3.1 Qualifications

- a. Contractor: Certification that the Contractor has prior experience on lead abatement projects similar in nature and extent to ensure the capability to perform the abatement in a satisfactory manner.
- b. Competent Person: Certification that the Contractor's full-time onsite Competent Person meets the competent person requirements of 29 CFR 1926 Section .62 and HIOSH 12-148.1 and is experienced in administration and supervision of LCP abatement projects, including work practices, protective measures for building and personnel, disposal procedures, etc. This person shall have completed a Contractor Supervisor LBP abatement course by an EPA Training Center, and have had a minimum of 2 years on-the-job experience.
- c. Qualified Consultant (QC): Documentation that the QC has 2 years prior experience on similar lead abatement projects and is educated and trained in recognizing and evaluating work place hazards and stress (in this instance, lead-containing paint removal, demolition, air sampling, waste water sampling, wipe sampling, soil sampling, TCLP sampling and related work in accordance with the EPA Model Accreditation for Lead-based Paint Removal Work Training); and trained in providing methods and means of removing or correcting such hazards and stresses within the work environment. The QC shall have attended and passed the EPA accredited Lead Inspector and Risk Assessor training and shall be

one of, or a combination of the following in addition to the above requirements: Registered Professional Engineer (PE); Registered Architect (RA); Certified Industrial Hygienist (CIH); Certified Safety Professional (CSP); Certified Hazardous Materials Manager (CHMM); Master of Public Health (MPH), Master of Science or Ph.D. in Industrial Hygiene or Occupational Health and Safety. The QC shall be independently subcontracted by the Contractor and shall not be an employee of the Contractor or have any other monetary interest in the Contractor's company. The documentation shall include a copy of the applicable certificate/registration showing certification number, and date of certification/registration or recertification.

- d. Testing Laboratory: The name, address, and telephone number of the independent testing laboratory selected to perform sampling and analysis for personal and environmental air samples lead dust wipes, paint chip sample analyses, soil sample analyses, and TCLP analysis. Documentation that the laboratory performing the analysis is an EPA National Lead Laboratory Accreditation Program (NLLAP) accredited laboratory and that it is rated proficient in the NIOSH/EPA Environmental Lead Proficiency Analytical Testing Program (ELPAT). Certification shall include accreditation for heavy metal analysis, analysis of lead in air, soil analysis, wipe analysis, and a Quality Assurance and Quality Control Program. Currently, the American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (ASLA) and the American Industrial Hygiene Association (AIHA) are the EPA recognized laboratory accreditors. Documentation shall include the date of accreditation or reaccreditation.
- e. Blood Lead Testing Laboratory. The name, address and telephone number of the blood lead testing laboratory; the laboratory's listing by OSHA and the U.S. Public Health Service Center for Disease Control (CDC); and documentation that the laboratory certified in the state where the work site is located.

#### 1.3.2 Respiratory Protection Devices

Manufacturer's certification of NIOSH approval for respiratory protection devices utilized on the site.

## 1.3.3 Cartridges, Filters, and Vacuum Systems

Manufacturer's certification of NIOSH approval of respirator cartridges (organic vapor, acid gas, mist, dust, high efficiency particulate); High Efficiency Particulate Air (HEPA) filtration capabilities for all cartridges, filters, and HEPA vacuum systems.

# 1.3.4 Medical Records

Certification that employees who are involved in lead abatement work have received medical examinations and will receive continued medical surveillance, including biological monitoring, as required by 29 CFR 1926 Section .62, HIOSH 12-148.1, and by the state and local regulations pertaining to such work. Records shall be retained, at Contractor expense, in accordance with 29 CFR 1910 Section .20.

# 1.3.5 Training

Training certification shall be provided prior to the start of work

involving LCP abatement, for all of the Contractors' workers, supervisors and Competent Person. Training shall meet the requirements of HIOSH 12-148.1, 29 CFR 1926 Section .62, 29 CFR 1926 Section .59 and 49 CFR 172, and that required by EPA or the state LBP course for the work to be performed. Training shall be provided prior to the time of job assignment and, at least, annually. Training may cover all abatement methods or focus only on those methods specified in the LCP Management Plan. The project specific training shall, as a minimum, include the following:

- a. Specific nature of the operation which could result in exposure to lead.
- b. Purpose, proper selection, fitting, use, and limitations of respirators.
- c. Purpose and description of the medical surveillance program and the medical removal protection program, including information concerning the adverse health effects associated with excessive exposure to lead (with particular attention to the adverse reproductive effects on both males and females and hazards to the fetus and additional precautions for employees who are pregnant).
- d. Relevant engineering controls and good work practices.
- e. The contents of any compliance plan in effect.
- f. Instructions to employees that chelating agents should not routinely be used to remove lead from their bodies and should not be used at all except under the direction of a licensed physician.
- g. The employee's right of access to records under 29 CFR 1910 Section .20.

#### 1.3.6 Licenses and Permits

Copies of licenses and permits as required by applicable Federal, state, and local regulations shall be obtained at least 20 days before the start of the LCP abatement project.

# 1.4 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

LCP is to be removed or surface treated as necessary, according to these Specifications. Work includes the surface preparation for the repainting of exterior surfaces of Quad B, C, D, and E that are assumed to contain lead.

#### 1.5 SITE VISIT

Contractor shall visit and investigate the site, review the drawings and specifications, assess the amount of LCP, and become familiar with conditions which will affect the work.

# 1.6 LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR LCP

Lead abatement liability insurance shall be obtained without additional expense to the Government. The Contractor shall assume full responsibility and liability for the compliance with Federal, state, and local regulations pertaining to training, work practices, hauling, disposal, and protection of workers, visitors to the site, and persons occupying areas adjacent to

the site.

#### 1.7 PROTECTION OF EXISTING WORK TO REMAIN

Abatement, storage, transportation, and disposal work shall be performed without damaging or contaminating adjacent work and areas. Where such work or areas are damaged or contaminated, the Contractor shall restore work and areas to the original condition.

## 1.8 COORDINATION WITH OTHER WORK

Abatement and disposal work shall be coordinated with existing work and/or concurrent work being performed in adjacent areas.

# 1.9 SAFETY AND HEALTH REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Work shall be performed in accordance with requirements of EM 385-1-land applicable regulations including, but not limited to 29 CFR 1910, 29 CFR 1926, especially Section .62, and HIOSH 12-148.1. Matters of interpretation of the standards shall be submitted to the appropriate agency for resolution before starting work. Where these requirements vary, the most stringent shall apply.

#### 1.10 PRECONSTRUCTION SAFETY MEETING

The Contractor, CP, and QC shall attend a preconstruction safety meeting prior to starting any work involving LCP abatement. Items required to be submitted will be reviewed for completeness, and where specified, for acceptance.

#### 1.11 ACCIDENT PREVENTION PLAN

# 1.11.1 Preparation and Implementation

The Accident Preparation Plan (APP) shall be prepared in accordance with EM 385-1-1, Table 1-1. Where topic in table 1-1 is not applicable, the APP shall justify its omission or reduced level of detail, and establish that adequate consideration was given to the topic. The APP shall cover onsite work by the Contractor or subcontractors. The Competent Person shall be responsible for development, implementation, and quality control of the content and actions required in the APP. For each anticipated work task, the APP shall establish hazards and control measures. The APP shall be easily readable and understandable by the Contractor's work force.

# 1.11.2 Acceptance and Modifications

The APP shall be prepared, signed and dated by the Contractors Competent Person and submitted 10 days prior to the preconstruction safety conference. Deficiencies in the APP shall be discussed at the Preconstruction Safety Conference and the APP shall be revised to correct the deficiencies, and resubmitted for acceptance. Onsite work shall not begin until the APP has been accepted unless otherwise authorized by the Contracting Officer. One copy of the APP shall be maintained in the Contractor's jobsite file, and a second copy shall be posted where it will be accessible to personnel on the site. As work proceeds, the APP shall be adapted to new situations and conditions. Changes to the APP shall be made with concurrence of the Competent Person and Site Superintendent, and acceptance of the Contracting Officer. Should an unforeseen hazard become evident during performance of the work, the Competent Person shall bring

such hazard to the attention of the Superintendent and the Contracting Officer, both verbally and in writing, for resolution as soon as possible. In the interim, the Contractor shall take necessary action to re-establish and maintain safe working conditions; and to safeguard onsite personnel, visitors, the public, and the environment. Disregard for provisions of this specification, or the accepted APP shall be cause for stopping of work until the matter is rectified.

# 1.11.3 Activity Hazard Analyses

An Activity Hazard Analysis (AHA) shall be prepared prior to beginning each major phase of the work and submitted for review and acceptance. Format shall be in accordance with EM 385-1-1, figure 1-1. A major phase of work is defined as an operation involving hazards not experienced in previous operations, or where a new work crew is to perform. The analysis shall define the activities and the sequence in which they are to be performed, specific hazards anticipated, and control measures to be implemented to eliminate or reduce each hazard to an acceptable level. Work shall not proceed on that phase until the Activity Hazard Analysis has been accepted and a preparatory meeting has been conducted by the Contractor to discuss content of the AHA with everyone engaged in the activity, including the Government's onsite representative. The AHA shall be continuously reviewed and modified when appropriate to address changing conditions or operations. The accepted AHA shall be appended to and become part of the APP.

## 1.12 RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM

A respiratory protection program shall be established as required by 29 CFR 1926 Section .103 and .62 and in accordance with 29 CFR 1910Section .134. An approved respirator shall be furnished to each employee and visitor required to enter an LCP work control area. A fit test shall be conducted in accordance with 29 CFR 1926 Section .62, Appendix D.

#### 1.13 HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

A Hazard Communication Program shall be implemented in accordance with 29 CFR 1926 Section .59.

# 1.14 SAFETY AND HEALTH OVERSIGHT

The Competent Person shall be the onsite person responsible for coordination, safety, security and execution of the work. The Competent Person shall be able to identify existing and predictable lead hazards and shall have the authority to take corrective measures to eliminate them. The QC shall be responsible for dust wipe, personal and environmental sampling.

## 1.15 PREPARATORY INSPECTION MEETING

The Contractor, CP, and QC shall arrange and hold a preparatory inspection meeting immediately prior to beginning any LCP abatement. The APP, Activity Hazard Analyses, and the Contractor's LCP Management Plan, including containment, engineering controls, worker protection, training, and monitoring, will be reviewed for completeness.

#### 1.16 TRAINED AND COMPETENT PERSONNEL

Work shall be performed by Competent Persons, qualified and trained in the abatement, enclosure, encapsulation, monitoring, testing, storage,

treatment, hauling, and disposal of contaminated LCP debris material, and in subsequent cleanup of the affected environment. Workers shall comply with the appropriate Federal, state, and local regulations which mandate training requirements and work practices and shall be capable of performing the work under this contract.

#### 1.17 POSTED WARNINGS AND NOTICES

The following regulations, warnings, and notices shall be posted at the work site in accordance with 29 CFR 1926 Section .62.

## 1.17.1 Regulations

Two copies of applicable Federal, state, and local regulations and NIOSH OSHA Booklet 3142 shall be maintained. One copy shall be posted at the work site and one copy shall be on file in the project office.

#### 1.17.2 Warning Signs and Labels

Warning signs shall be provided at building entrances and approaches to LCP control areas containing airborne LCP debris. Signs shall be located at a distance from the LCP control areas that will allow personnel to read the sign and take the necessary protective actions required before entering the LCP control area.

#### 1.17.2.1 Warning Signs

Warning signs shall be in English and be of sufficient size to be clearly legible and display the following:

WARNING
LEAD WORK AREA
POISON
NO SMOKING OR EATING
AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL ONLY

RESPIRATORS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING ARE REQUIRED IN THIS AREA

# 1.17.2.2 Warning Labels

Warning labels shall be in English and be of sufficient size to be clearly legible and display the following:

CAUTION: CLOTHING CONTAMINATED WITH LEAD. DO NOT REMOVE DUST BY BLOWING OR SHAKING. DISPOSE OF LEAD CONTAMINATED WASH WATER IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL REGULATIONS.

#### 1.17.3 Worker Information

Right-to-know notices shall be placed in clearly visible areas of the work site in compliance with Federal, state, and local regulations.

# 1.17.4 Air Monitoring Results

Daily air monitoring results shall be prepared so as to be easily understood by the workers, and shall be placed in a clearly visible area of the work site.

# 1.17.5 Emergency Telephone Numbers

A list of telephone numbers shall be posted at the site. The list shall include numbers of the local hospital, emergency squad, police and fire departments, Government and Contractor representatives who can be reached 24 hours per day, and professional consultants directly involved in the project.

#### 1.18 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

Sufficient quantities of health and safety materials required by 29 CFR 1926 Section .62, and other materials and equipment needed to complete the project, shall be available and kept on the site.

# 1.18.1 Respirators

Air-purifying respirators shall be approved by NIOSH for use with dust, fumes, and mists having permissible exposure limits less than 0.05 milligrams per cubic meter (i.e., have high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters) and for other hazardous airborne contaminants that may be encountered, as determined by the Competent Person. Respirators shall comply with the requirements of HIOSH 12-148.1, 29 CFR 1926 Section .62 and shall be used in accordance with 29 CFR 1926 Section .103 and 29 CFR 1910 Section .134.

#### 1.18.2 Respirator Cartridges

A sufficient supply of respirator cartridges shall be maintained at the work site to provide new cartridges to employees, authorized visitors, and Government personnel throughout the duration of the project. Cartridges shall be replaced according to the manufacturer's recommendations, when breathing becomes difficult, or if the cartridge becomes wet.

## 1.18.3 Protective Clothing

The Contractor shall furnish, at no cost to personnel, equipment/clothing for protection from airborne and waterborne LCP debris. An adequate supply of these items shall be available for worker, authorized visitor, and Government personnel use. Workers and visitors shall not take protective clothing and equipment off the work site at any time. Protective clothing includes:

- a. Coveralls (Whole Body Protective Coverings): Full-body coveralls and head covers shall be worn by workers in the work area. Sleeves shall be secured at the wrist and pants legs at the ankle with tape. Permeable clothing shall be provided in heat-stress conditions.
- b. Boots: Work boots with nonskid soles or impermeable work boot covers shall be worn by workers. Where required by OSHA, safety boots (steel toe or steel toe and shank) shall be worn. Paint the uppers of boots red with waterproof enamel. Do not allow boots to be removed from the work area for any reason after being contaminated with LCP debris. Dispose of boots as LCP contaminated waste at the end of the work.
- c. Gloves: Inner gloves, appropriate for items and hazards encountered, and disposable outer work gloves shall be provided to each worker and shall be worn while the worker is in the work area. Glove material shall be appropriate for the specific chemical exposure. Gloves shall not be removed from the work

area, and shall be disposed of as LCP contaminated waste at the end of the work.

- d. Hard Hats: Head protection (hard hats) shall be provided as required by OSHA and EM 385-1-1 for workers and authorized visitors. Protective plastic strap suspension hats shall be used. Hard hats shall be worn at all times that work is in progress. Hats shall remain in the work area until the project is completed. Hats shall be thoroughly cleaned, decontaminated, and bagged before being removed from the work area at the end of the project.
- e. Eye Protection: Fog-proof goggles for personnel engaged in LCP abatement operations shall be worn when the use of a full face piece respirator is not required.
- f. Work Clothing: Cloth work clothes shall be provided for wearing under the disposable protective coveralls and foot coverings.

## 1.18.4 Negative Air Pressure System

When a LCP control area requires the use of an airtight containment barrier, a negative air pressure system shall be used, and pressure differential recordings taken. LCP shall not be removed from the LCP control area until the proper engineer controls and HEPA filtration systems are in place.

# 1.18.5 Expendable Supplies

# 1.18.5.1 Polyethylene Sheet and Bags - General

Polyethylene sheet and bags shall be minimum 6 mils thick. Bags shall have pre-printed labels, and 5 inch (minimum) long plastic ties, pointed and looped to secure the filled bags. Polyethylene sheets shall be in roll sizes to minimize seams.

#### 1.18.5.2 Tape and Adhesive Spray

Tape and adhesive shall be capable of sealing joints between polyethylene sheets and for attachment of polyethylene sheets to adjacent surfaces. After dry application, tape or adhesive shall retain adhesion when exposed to wet conditions, including amended water. Tape shall be minimum 2 inches wide, industrial strength.

## 1.18.5.3 Containers

Impermeable containers shall be used to receive and retain lead contaminated material until disposal. Containers shall be labeled in accordance with EPA, DOT and OSHA standards.

# 1.18.5.4 Chemicals

Chemicals, including caustics and paint strippers, shall be properly labeled and stored in leak-tight containers.

## 1.18.6 Vacuum Systems

HEPA filtered vacuum systems shall be used during abatement operations which generate dust. The systems shall be suitably sized for the project, and filters shall be capable of removing particles as small as 0.3

micrometers at a minimum efficiency of 99.97 percent.

#### 1.18.7 Heat Blower Guns

Heat blower guns shall be flameless, electrical, paint-softener type with controls to limit temperature to 1,100 degrees F. Heat blower shall be DI (non-grounded) 120 Vac, and shall be equipped with cone, fan, glass protector and spoon reflector nozzles.

# 1.18.8 Chemical Paint Strippers

Chemical paint strippers shall contain no methylene chloride and shall be formulated to prevent stain, discoloration, or raising of the substrate materials.

## 1.18.9 Chemical Paint Stripper Neutralizer

Neutralizers for paint strippers shall be used on exteriors only and shall be compatible with the substrate and suitable for use with the chemical stripper that has been applied to the surface.

## 1.19 STORAGE OF MATERIALS

Materials shall be stored in a place and manner which protects them from damage and contamination. During periods of cold weather, plastic materials shall be protected from the cold. No flammable or hazardous materials shall be stored inside any building. Regularly inspect materials to identify damaged or deteriorating items. Damaged or deteriorated items shall not be used and shall be removed from the site as soon as they are discovered. Any materials which become contaminated with LCP waste shall be disposed of consistent with the requirements of 40 CFR 148 and these specifications. Stored materials shall not present a hazard or an inconvenience to workers, visitors, and/or other occupants and employees of the building.

## PART 2 PRODUCTS (NOT APPLICABLE)

#### PART 3 EXECUTION

# 3.1 WORK PROCEDURES

LCP abatement and related work shall be performed in accordance with the accepted Contractor's LCP Management Plan as modified and approved, following the pilot abatement project. Procedures and equipment required to limit occupational and environmental exposures to lead during LCP removal shall be in accordance with HIOSH 12-148.1, 29 CFR 1926 Section .62, and as specified herein. Paint chips and associated waste shall be TCLP tested (for 8 RCRA metals) and disposed of in compliance with Federal, state, and local regulations.

# 3.1.1 Personnel Protection Procedures

Personnel shall wear and use protective clothing and equipment as specified. Eating, smoking, drinking, chewing tobacco and chewing gum, and applying makeup shall not be permitted in the LCP control area. Personnel of trades not engaged in the abatement and disposal of LCP shall not be exposed at any time to airborne concentrations of lead equal to or in excess of 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air or 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter of air for a 90 day average, whichever is more stringent. Electrical

service shall be disconnected when wet removal is performed, and temporary electrical service protected by a ground fault circuit interrupter shall be provided.

## 3.1.2 Safety and Health Procedures

The QC shall be present on the work site throughout the abatement project to supervise, monitor, and document the project's health and safety provisions. A daily log shall be maintained showing the results of sampling tests throughout the project area. LCP abatement work being conducted within a LCP Control area shall be stopped if air concentration levels collected inside the work area during abatement, exceeds 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air, or exceeds 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter of air for a 90 day average, whichever is more stringent.

## 3.1.3 Safety and Health Responsibilities

The Competent Person shall:

- a. Verify that training meets applicable requirements.
- b. Review and approve LCP Management Plan for conformance to the applicable referenced standards.
- c. Inspect LCP removal work for conformance with the accepted LCP Management Plan.
- d. Ensure that worker exposure air monitoring activities are in accordance with 29 CFR 1926 Section .62 and HIOSH 12-148.1.
- e. Ensure work is performed in strict accordance with specifications.
- f. Ensure hazardous exposure to personnel and to the environment are adequately controlled.

The QC shall be responsible for directing personal and environmental air monitoring and lead dust wipe sampling.

# 3.1.4 Medical Surveillance Procedures

Medical surveillance shall be implemented in accordance with the approved Contractor's LCP Management Plan, and shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR 1926 Section .62, HIOSH 12-148.1, including the provisions for biological monitoring, medical removal protection and a physician's written opinion, signed by the physician performing the employee examination. The Contractor shall provide a copy of the written opinion for Contractor's employees 2 days prior to each employee's commencement of work.

# 3.1.5 Engineering Controls and Containment Structures

## 3.1.5.1 LCP Control Area

The LCP control area is where LCP abatement work occurs and as such shall be considered contaminated, and shall be isolated to prevent LCP containing dust or debris from passing into adjacent building or open areas. The control area shall be decontaminated at the completion of the LCP abatement and disposal work.

#### 3.1.5.2 Boundary Requirements

Physical boundaries shall be provided around exterior LCP control areas by roping off the area indicated in the LCP Management Plan.

#### 3.1.5.3 Control Barriers

The LCP control area shall be separated from other portions of the building and the outside with control barriers as necessary. The polyethylene sheeting will have all openings masked and sealed, and shall be erected according to the Contractor's LCP Management Plan. Polyethylene sheeting shall be mechanically supported, independent of duct tape or spray adhesive.

# 3.1.5.4 Preabatement Lead-Dust Wipe Samples

Preabatement lead-dust wipe samples shall be taken outside the LCP controlled area, in accordance with HUD-01. Samples shall be taken within 10 feet of the abatement structure at 20 percent of the area planned for abatement.

#### 3.1.5.5 Pre-Work Lead-Soil Samples

At least one composite pre-work soil sample shall be taken at the foundation of each affected building, in accordance with paragraph entitled "Soil Sampling".

## 3.1.5.6 Masking and Sealing

Exterior LCP control area requirements: Where the construction of a contained LCP control area is impractical, a roped-off perimeter shall be installed 20 feet from, and around, the area where the LCP handling procedures are performed and other requirements for LCP control areas shall be maintained. Personal monitoring of airborne concentrations shall be conducted in adjacent areas, during the work shift, in accordance with 29 CFR 1926 Section .62 and HIOSH 12-148.1. Air monitoring outside of the roped-off perimeter shall be conducted as specified. Airborne concentrations shall not exceed specified levels. Pre-abatement dust wipe samples shall be collected on exterior concrete walkways, interior window sills and troughs, and interior floors. These samples shall be analyzed only if post-abatement dust wipe samples indicate levels of dust that exceed 100 micrograms per square foot for floors; 500 micrograms per square foot for interior window sills; and 800 micrgrams per square foot for window troughs and exterior concrete or other rough surfaces. If the pre-abatement dust wipe sample results are lower than the post-abatement sample results, the Contractor shall clean-up the affected surfaces until dust wipe samples indicate acceptable levels.

#### 3.1.5.7 Personnel Decontamination Unit Procedures

Decontamination units shall be constructed when required for the abatement procedures. Materials fabricated or delivered to the site before the shop drawings have been returned to the Contractor will be subject to rejection by the Contracting Officer. Specifications and drawings of portable prefab units, such as a trailer unit, if utilized, must be submitted for review and approval before start of construction. Submittal shall include, but not be limited to, a floor plan layout showing dimensions, materials, sizes, thicknesses, plumbing, and electrical outlets. A separate equipment decontamination unit shall be provided. Each work area shall have an emergency exit. The personnel decontamination unit's clean room shall be the only means of entrance and exit, except for emergencies, from the LCP

control area. Materials shall exit the LCP control area through the equipment decontamination area.

## 3.1.5.8 Clean Room Procedures

The clean room shall have only one exit to non-contaminated areas of the building or site. Surfaces of the clean room shall be protected with sheet polyethylene. A temporary unit with a separate equipment decontamination locker room and a clean locker room shall be provided for personnel who are required to wear whole body protective clothing. One locker shall be provided in each locker room for each LCP abatement worker, and each Contractor's representative. Lead-free personal clothing and shoes shall be kept in the clean locker. Hand wash station/showers shall be located between the equipment decontamination locker room and the clean locker room, and employees shall wash or shower before changing into personal clothes. An adequate supply of clean disposable towels shall be provided. LCP contaminated disposable work clothing shall be cleaned with an HEPA vacuum, removed and disposed of. Clean rooms shall be directly adjacent to the LCP control area outside of the building. Joint use of this space for other functions, such as offices, equipment storage, etc., is prohibited.

#### 3.1.5.9 Hand Wash Station/Shower Room Procedures

An operational shower and hand washing station shall be provided between the work area and the clean changing room. Workers shall wash and/or shower before entering the clean changing room. Shower room shall be separated from other rooms by air tight walls fabricated from polyethylene sheeting. Water shall be hot and cold or warm. Shower heads and controls, soap dish, continuing supply of soap, and clean towels shall be provided. The shower shall be maintained in a sanitary condition. Waste water shall be pumped to drain and through waste water filters that meet state and/or local requirements. These filters shall be located inside the shower unit and filters shall be changed regularly. Spent filters shall be TCLP tested and properly discarded. Wastewater shall be tested for lead content and shall not exceed 0.6 mg/L of lead in water prior to disposal in the sanitary sewer.

# 3.1.5.10 Equipment Decontamination Unit Procedures

The Equipment Decontamination Unit shall be used for removal of equipment and materials from the LCP control area, and shall include a wash room, holding room, and an enclosed walkway. The unit shall be constructed from  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) +\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right$ wood framing material and polyethylene sheeting. Workers shall not enter or exit the LCP control area through the Equipment Decontamination Unit. washdown station, consisting of an enclosed shower unit, shall be located in the work area outside the Wash Room. The washdown station shall be used to clean equipment, bags and containers. Bagged or containerized LCP wastes shall be passed from the work area and cleaned in the Wash Room. The Wash Room shall be separated from the work area by a polyethylene sheeting flap. Wastewater shall be filtered and filters shall be changed as required for the shower unit and the Wash Room. Filters shall be TCLP tested and properly disposed of. The Holding Room shall be used as a drop location for bagged LCP passed from the Wash Room. This room shall be constructed so that bagged materials cannot be passed from the Wash Room through the Holding Room to the enclosed walkway. The walkway shall be separated from adjacent rooms by double flaps of 1/16 inch thick single ply rubber roofing materials of EPDM or Neoprene. The enclosed walkway shall isolate the Holding Room from the building exterior and shall be constructed of wood framing and polyethylene sheeting. The walkway shall

provide access to the Holding Room from the building exterior. The enclosed walkway shall be separated from the exterior by a single flap of polyethylene sheeting.

#### 3.1.5.11 Maintenance of Decontamination Units

Barriers and polyethylene sheeting shall be effectively sealed and taped. Containment barriers shall be visually inspected at the beginning of each work period. Damaged barriers and defects shall be immediately repaired upon discovery. Smoke methods shall be used to test effectiveness of barriers when directed by the Contracting Officer.

# 3.1.5.12 LCP Control Area Exiting Procedures

Personnel exiting an LCP control area shall perform the following procedures and shall not leave the work place wearing any clothing or equipment worn during the work day:

- a. Vacuum all protective clothing before removing.
- b. Remove protective clothing in the decontamination room, and place this clothing in an approved impermeable disposal bag.
- c. Wash or shower.
- d. Change to clean clothes prior to leaving the physical boundary designated around the lead-contaminated work site.

# 3.1.6 Building Ventilating Systems

Any building ventilating system or any other system bringing air into or out of the LCP control work area shall be shut down and isolated by lockable switch; disconnecting wires; removing circuit breakers; isolated by airtight seals, or other positive means that will prevent spread of contamination through the system and accidental premature restarting of the equipment. Airtight seals shall consist of 2 layers of polyethylene. Individual seals shall be applied to ventilation openings (supply and exhaust), lighting fixtures, windows, doorways, elevator doors, stairs, ramps, speakers, and other openings into the work area. Seals shall be maintained until project decontamination is completed. After decontamination work has been completed and final wipe sample testing proves that the area is decontaminated, seals shall be removed and the ventilating systems may be operated again.

# 3.1.7 Temporary Utilities

Temporary equipment to provide adequate power, light, heat, and water shall be installed to accomplish the abatement operations properly and safely. The Contractor shall maintain the security and maintenance of the utility system in the LCP control areas. In the event of a failure of any utility system, the Government will not be responsible for any loss of time or other expense incurred by the Contractor. In addition, the Contractor shall provide:

- a. Backflow protection on all water connections. Fittings installed by the Contractor shall be removed after completion of work with no damage or alteration to existing water piping and equipment.
- b. Heavy-duty abrasion-resistant hoses to provide water to each work

area and decontamination area.

- c. Electrical service to work areas. Electrical service shall comply with NEMA, NECA, and UL standards. Warning signs shall be posted at power outlets which are other than 110-120 volt power. Only grounded extension cords shall be used. Incandescent lamps and light fixtures shall be of adequate wattage to provide good illumination in LCP control areas.
- d. Sufficient quantity of single-occupant, self-contained chemical toilets, properly vented and fully enclosed, if permanent toilets are not available.

## 3.2 LCP ABATEMENT METHODS

## 3.2.1 Chemical Stripping

LCP shall be removed from exterior painted surfaces, only as necessary to prepare the surface for repainting by using approved chemical strippers. Chemical strippers containing methylene chloride are prohibited. Stripping shall be done according to manufacturer's recommendations. Substrates shall be thoroughly washed and neutralized before applying a primer or sealing coat. Waste generated by the stripping process shall be handled in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Management Plan. Adjacent walls and floors shall be protected to prevent contamination.

# 3.2.2 Wet Hand-Scraping

LCP shall be removed from exterior painted surfaces, only as necessary to prepare the surface for repainting by wet hand-scraping methods. Paint residue shall be handled in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Management Plan.

## 3.2.3 Needle Gun

LCP shall be removed from exterior painted surfaces, only as necessary to prepare the surface for repainting by needle gun with the device fitted to HEPA vacuum systems. Work shall be performed in an LCP control area. Paint residue shall be handled in accordance with the Hazardous Waste Management Plan.

## 3.3 MONITORING

During the entire LCP distrubance, removal and disposal operations, a QC shall be onsite directing the monitoring/sampling and inspecting the work to ensure that the health and safety requirements of this contract are satisfied.

#### 3.3.1 Personal Air Monitoring

Airborne concentrations of lead shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with HIOSH 12-148.1, 29 CFR 1926 Section .62 during LCP disturbance or removal work. Results shall be reported in micrograms per cubic meter of air. The Competent Person shall use personal air monitoring results to determine the effectiveness of engineering controls, the adequacy of PPE and to determine if proper work practices are being employed. The Contracting Officer shall be notified if any personal air monitoring result equals or exceeds 30 micrograms per cubic meter of air or 1.5 micrograms per cubic meter of air for a 90 day average (whichever is

more stringent). The Contractor shall take steps to reduce the concentration of lead in the air.

# 3.3.2 Wipe Sampling

Wipe sampling for lead dust concentrations shall be conducted:

- a. Preabatement to establish a baseline.
- b. During abatement to monitor activities and ensure containment integrity.
- c. Post abatement to determine if specified clearance criteria has been met.

#### 3.3.2.1 Preabatement

Preabatement wipe samples shall be collected outside the LCP control area (interior of living units and exterior walkways) in accordance with paragraph Preabatement Lead-Dust Wipe Samples.

## 3.3.2.2 Abatement

The QC shall collect wipe samples after all LCP abatement activities. The samples shall be collected outside the LCP control area in accordance with paragraph Preabatement Lead-Dust Wipe Samples. Samples shall be collected inside and outside the LCP control work area at critical barriers, in the clean room of the decontamination unit and in traffic control areas such as personal and equipment entrances.

#### 3.3.2.3 Results

The Contractor shall have the results of the wipe sampling within 24 hours after the completion of the sampling. Wipe sample results shall be reported in micrograms per square foot.

# 3.3.2.4 Excessive Levels

Clean-up of LCP abatement work area, inside and outside an LCP control area shall be performed if measured dust wipe concentration levels collected inside and/or outside the LCP control area, equal or exceed the preabatement levels or 100 micrograms per square foot for floors; 500 micrograms per square foot for interior window sills, and 800 micrograms per square foot for window troughs and exterior concrete or other rough surfaces, whichever is greater. The Contractor shall immediately notify the Contracting Officer. At the direction of the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall clean areas which equal or exceed the levels stated above, at no additional cost to the Government. The cleaning shall be in accordance with paragraph CLEANUP AND DISPOSAL, prior to clearance. The Contractor shall collect and have analyzed additional wipe samples at no charge to the Government to ensure the areas are clean. Cleaning and resampling shall continue until levels as stated above are achieved. The Contractor shall correct containment and/or work practices to mitigate the problem. Removal work shall resume when approval is given by the Contracting Officer.

# 3.3.2.5 Post Abatement

Post abatement samples shall be collected in accordance with paragraph

Final Clearance Testing.

#### 3.3.3 Area Air Monitoring

Airborne concentrations of lead shall be collected and analyzed in accordance with 29 CFR 1926 Section .62 and HIOSH 12-148.1. Results shall be reported in micrograms per cubic meter of air.

#### 3.3.3.1 Preabatement

Preabatement samples shall be collected in the following locations outside the work area; one upwind of the abatement and two downwind of the abatement activities.

## 3.3.3.2 Abatement

The QC shall collect area air samples on a daily basis. The samples shall be collected in the same location as the preabatement samples.

#### 3.3.3.3 Results

The Contractor shall have the results of the area air monitoring within 24 hours after completion of the sampling. Results shall be reported in micrograms per cubic meter of air.

#### 3.3.3.4 Excessive Levels

Outdoor LCP abatement shall cease and the Contracting Officer notified if measured airborne lead concentrations, collected during abatement, exceed the preabatement airborne concentration levels. The Contractor shall correct the work practices and/or engineering controls and shall resume abatement at the direction of the Contracting Officer.

# 3.3.4 Waste Sampling and Testing

Sampling and testing of all waste shall be in accordance with 40 CFR 261. All required sampling and testing will be performed by the QC as specified.

- a. All lead related waste water shall be tested in accordance with the current City and County of Honolulu, Public Works, Wastewater Management Water Quality Division and EPA lead in water disposal requirements prior to disposal.
- b. All solid lead-containing waste including building materials, paint chips, debris, containers, used disposable protective gear and related materials, shall be tested in accordance with the Toxic Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) for the 8 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) metals and 40 CFR 261 prior to disposal.

# 3.4 Soil Sampling

# 3.4.1 Pre-Work

In order to establish baseline lead-in-soil conditions on the site prior to the initiation of exterior lead abatement, composite soil samples shall be collected. Eight to ten small portions of surface soil shall be scooped with a fresh 50 mL plastic centrifuge tube and composited in the tube. This will represent a single sample. If excessive paint chips are present

in the soil they shall be included in the sample. The 8 - 10 samples shall be collected such that they represent the area where abatement occurred. One shall be taken at the dripline extending out a distance of 10 feet. Sampling shall be on bare soil. The laboratory shall utilize procedures in EPA SOP Publication No. 600/2-91-231 or other procedures required by the state where work is being performed.

#### 3.4.2 Post-Work

Post-work soil samples shall be collected in the same locations as the pre-work samples utilizing the same procedures. If post-work soil samples exceed the pre-work levels, the Contractor will be required to perform soil excavation to a depth of two inchesin the area specified by the Contracting Officer at no additional cost to the Government. The soil shall be tested as specified in paragraph CLEANUP AND DISPOSAL. Analysis that exceed TCLP limits shall be treated as hazardous waste and disposed of accordingly. Clean-up will be required if the post work soil sample results indicate an increase of 200 ppm over the pre-work soil sample result.

#### 3.5 ADJACENT AREAS

Damage to adjacent areas shall be repaired to the approval of the Contracting Officer.

## 3.6 CLEANUP AND DISPOSAL

## 3.6.1 Cleanup

## 3.6.1.1 Daily

Surfaces in the LCP control area shall be maintained free of accumulations of paint chips and dust. Spread of dust and debris shall be restricted; waste shall not be distributed over the work area. Dry sweep or compressed air shall not be used for cleanup. At the end of each shift, the area shall be cleaned of visible lead paint contamination by vacuuming with a HEPA filtered vacuum cleaner and wet mopping the area. LCP abatement work shall cease during the cleanup.

# 3.6.1.2 Prior to Clearance

Upon completion of the lead paint abatement and a satisfactory visual inspection by the QC and the Contracting Officer in a given work area, a preliminary clean-up shall be performed by the Contractor. This clean-up includes removal of any contaminated material, equipment or debris including polyethylene sheeting from the work area, except for critical barriers. The polyethylene sheeting shall be sprayed or misted with water for dust control, abatement debris removed and then the sheeting removed by folding it in upon itself. Polyethylene sheeting used for critical barriers shall remain in place until final clearance criteria. The following methodology shall be utilized during the cleanup prior to clearance.

- a. Lead-contaminated debris shall be containerized in accordance with paragraph Contaminated Waste. Waste bags shall not be overloaded, shall be securely sealed and stored in the designated area until disposal.
- b. Non-contaminated debris shall be containerized; removed from the

work area and stored in the designated area until disposal in accordance with paragraph Non-Contaminated Waste.

- c. Cleaning. Once the polyethylene sheeting, except critical barriers is removed from the work area, cleaning shall begin. It shall be done in the following sequence: HEPA Vacuum; Tri-Sodium Phosphate (TSP) wash (or equivalent cleaner); and HEPA Vacuum.
- d. HEPA Vacuum. Vacuum all surfaces. Begin with ceilings and proceed down the walls, including window, doors, door trim and ending with floors. Begin vacuuming at the furthest corner from the entrance to the work area.
- e. Wet Wash. Wash or mop the surfaces vacuumed in the same sequence. Contractor shall utilize a tri-sodium phosphate (TSP) detergent solution or other equally effective cleaning agent and allow surface to dry.
- f. Cleaning Equipment. The Contractor shall prepare and use detergents containing five to ten percent TSP or other equally effective cleaning agent which shall be used in accordance with the manufacturers instructions. The waste water from cleaning shall be contained, tested, and disposed of according to applicable Federal, state, county and local regulations and guidelines. The waste water shall not be disposed of in storm sewers or sanitary sewers without specific and written Government approval.

# 3.6.2 Visual Inspection

Upon completion of the final cleaning, the Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer and request a final visual inspection with the Contracting Officer's representative with the criteria in the final cleaning/visual inspection example format sheet located at the end of this section. If the area does not pass the visual inspection, the Contractor shall reclean the area as required by paragraph CLEANUP AND DISPOSAL, at no additional expense to the Government. Final clearance testing shall not proceed until the Contracting Officer has accepted the final cleaning by the Contractor.

## 3.6.3 Final Clearance Testing

Final clearance surface dust sampling in accordance with  ${\tt HUD-01shall}$  be conducted after a thorough cleanup has been completed in accordance with the following:

Three samples shall be taken (one from an interior window sill, one from a window well, and one from the floor) in each area abated and one sample of the concrete walkway (within ten feet in 20 percent of the units) in the LCP control area. Pre-abatement wipe samples shall be analyzed and compared to determine if dust from the abatement process has contaminated non-abated areas only if HUD-01 levels are exceeded by the post-abatement results. The Contractor shall cleanup these areas if contamination from the abatement process occurs.

Retests. Should laboratory results indicate that the wipe test clearance level is exceeded, the Contractor shall reclean the affected area, at no additional cost to the Government. The Contractor shall utilize specified

cleaning methods. Retesting will then be performed to determine if specified clearance criteria was met. The Contractor shall pay for additional testing and shall provide, at no additional cost, a recleaning of an affected area until the clearance level is achieved.

#### 3.6.4 Certification

The Competent Person shall certify in writing that inside the LCP control area and the area external to the LCP control area met final clearance requirements.

## 3.6.5 Removal of Control Area

After approval of the final clearance certification, and when authorized by the Contracting Officer, the LCP control area, containment barriers, and control structures roped-off boundary and warning signs shall be removed.

## 3.6.6 Disposal

# 3.6.6.1 Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) Results

The results of the 8 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) TCLP analysis performed during abatement shall be used to determine disposal procedures.

#### 3.6.6.2 Contaminated Waste

Lead-contaminated waste, scrap, and debris shall be disposed of as follows:

- a. Lead-contaminated waste, scrap, debris, bags, containers, equipment, and lead-contaminated clothing, which may produce airborne concentrations of lead particles shall be stored in U.S. Department of Transportation 49 CFR 178 and UN approved 55 gallon drums. Each drum shall be labeled to identify the type of waste as defined in 49 CFR 172 and the date lead-contaminated wastes were first put into the drum. The Uniform Hazardous Waste Manifest forms from Federal and state agencies shall be obtained and completed. Land disposal restriction notifications shall be as required by 40 CFR 268. The Contracting Officer shall be notified at least 14 days prior to delivery to arrange for job site inspection of the drums and manifests. Lot deliveries of hazardous wastes shall be made as needed to ensure that drums do not remain on the work site longer than 90 calendar days from the date affixed to each drum. The Contracting Officer will assign an area for interim storage of waste-containing drums.
- b. Lead-contaminated waste shall be handled, stored, transported, and disposed of in accordance with 40 CFR 260, 40 CFR 261, 40 CFR 262, 40 CFR 263, 40 CFR 264, and 40 CFR 265. Land disposal restriction notification shall be as required by 40 CFR 268.

## 3.6.6.3 Non-Contaminated Waste

Non-contaminated waste, scrap, and debris shall be disposed of at a local construction waste landfill that is authorized to accept such waste.

## 3.6.7 Disposal Documentation

Written evidence shall be provided that the hazardous waste treatment,

storage, or disposal facility is approved for lead disposal by the EPA and state or local regulatory agencies. One copy shall be submitted of the completed manifest; signed, and dated by the initial transporter in accordance with 40 CFR 262.

# 3.6.8 Title to Materials

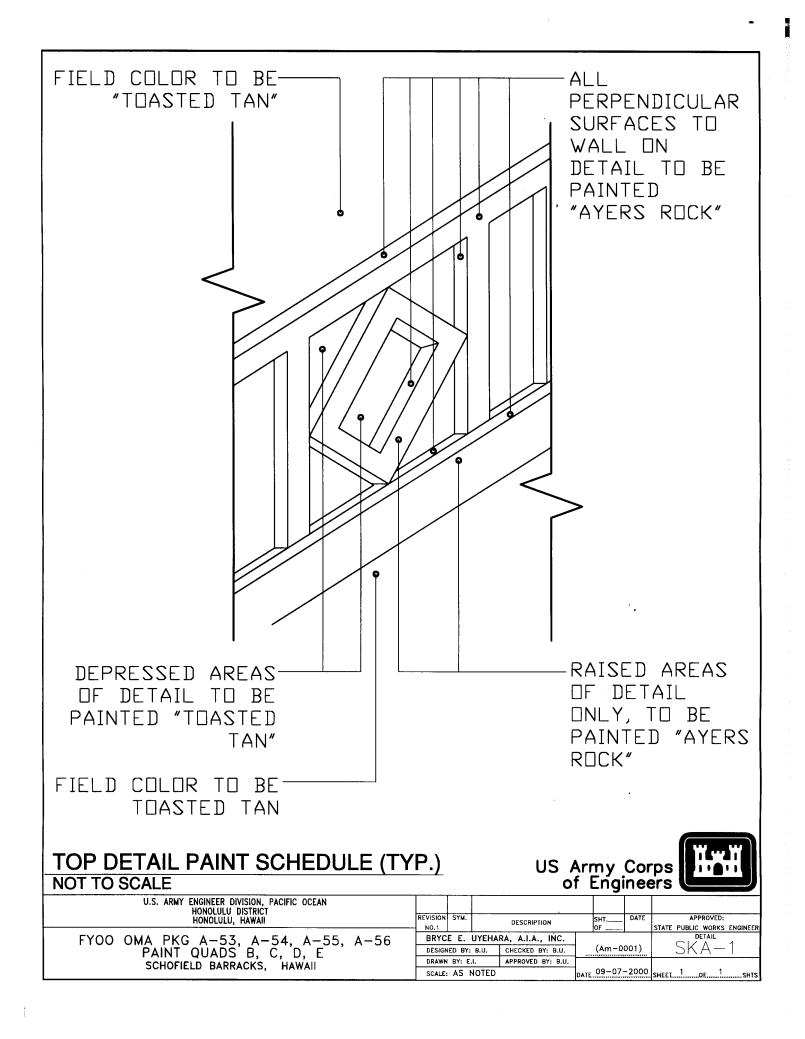
Materials resulting from demolition work, except as specified otherwise, shall become the property of the Contractor, and shall be disposed of in accordance with Section 02220 DEMOLITION, except as specified herein.

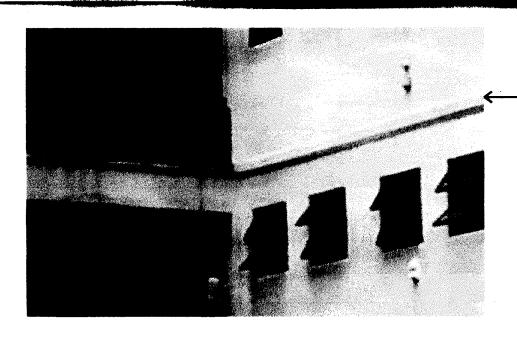
## 3.6.9 Payment for Hazardous Waste

Payment for disposal of hazardous waste will not be made until a signed copy of the manifest from the treatment or disposal facility certifying the amount of lead-containing materials delivered is returned and a copy is furnished to the Government.

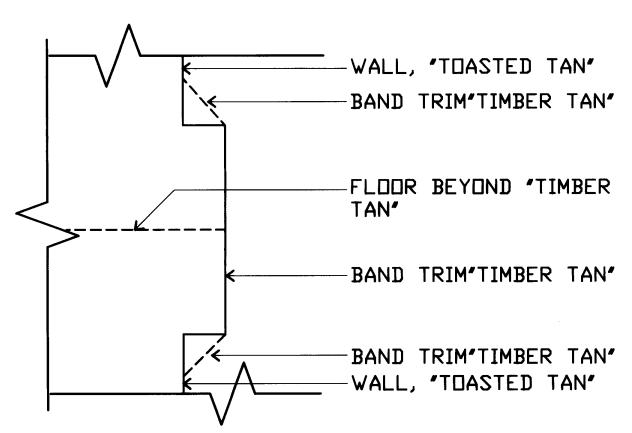
# CERTIFICATION OF FINAL CLEANING AND VISUAL INSPECTION

Individual abatement task as identified in paragraph,  Description of Work
In accordance with the clearing and decontamination procedures specified in the Contractor's lead hazard abatement plan and this contract, the Contractor hereby certifies that he/she has thoroughly visually inspected the decontaminated regulated work area (all surfaces, including pipes, beams, ledges, walls, ceiling, floor, decontamination unit, etc.) and has found no dust, debris, or lead containing material residue.
BY: (Contractor's signature) Date
Print name and title
(Contractor's Onsite Supervisor signature) Date
Print name and title
(Contractor's Competent Person and Qualified Consultant Date
Print name and title
CONTRACTING OFFICER ACCEPTANCE OR REJECTION
The Contracting Officer hereby determines that the Contractor has performed final cleaning and visual inspection of the decontaminated regulated work area (all surfaces including pipes, beams, ledges, walls, ceiling, floor, decontamination unit, etc.) and by quality assurance inspection, finds the Contractor's final cleaning to be:
Acceptable
Unacceptable, Contractor instructed to reclean the LCP control work area
BY: Contracting Officer's Representative
Signature Date
Print name and title
End of Section





BAND TRIM THIRD FLOOR LEVEL, TO BE PAINTED "TIMBER TAN"



# TOP BAND TRIM PAINT SCHEDULE(TYP.) US Army Corps of Engineers



1						
U.S. ARMY ENGINEER DIVISION, PACIFIC OCEAN HONOLULU DISTRICT						
HONOLULU, HAWAII	REVISION SYN	4.	DESCRIPTION	SHT	DATE	APPROVED: STATE PUBLIC WORKS ENGINEER
FYOO OMA PKG A-53, A-54, A-55, A-56		. UYEHAI	RA, A.I.A., INC.			DETAIL
PAINT QUADS B, C, D, E	DESIGNED E	BY: B.U.	CHECKED BY: B.U.	(Am-00	001)	SKA-Z
SCHOFIELD BARRACKS. HAWAII	DRAWN BY:	E.i.	APPROVED BY: B.U.			
SCHOFIELD BARRACKS, HAWAII	SCALE, AS	NOTED		DATE 09-07-	-2000	leurer 1 or 1 eurel

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# **General Decision Number HI000001**

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General Decision Number HI000001
Superseded General Decision No. HI990001
State: Hawaii
Construction Type:
BUILDING
DREDGING
HEAVY
HTGHWAY
RESIDENTIAL
County(ies):
STATEWIDE
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS; RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION PROJECT
 (consisting of single family homes and apartments up to and
 including 4 stories); HEAVY AND HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS
AND DREDGING
Modification Number Publication Date
           0
                      02/11/2000
                     02/18/2000
           2
                     03/03/2000
                      05/19/2000
                     07/07/2000
                     08/04/2000
08/25/2000
                     09/08/2000
COUNTY(ies):
STATEWIDE
ASBE0132A 08/30/1998
                                Rates Fringes
ASBESTOS WORKERS/INSULATORS
Includes application of all
insulating materials, protective
coverings, coatings and finishes
to all types of mechanical
systems. Also the application of
firestopping material for wall
openings and penetrations in walls,
floors, ceilings and curtain walls. 26.50
_____
BOIL0204A 10/01/1998
                                Rates Fringes 26.25 13.76
                                Rates
BOILERMAKERS
BRHI0001A 03/01/1999
                                Rates
                                              Fringes
BRICKLAYERS; Caulkers;
 Cement Block Layers;
 Cleaners; Pointers;
                                25.37 12.19
 and Stonemasons
-----
BRHI0001B 03/01/1999
                                             Fringes
                                Rates
TERRAZZO WORKERS:
 Terrazzo Workers
                                25.37
                                              12.19
                               23.56
 Terrazzo Base Grinders
                                              12.19
 Terrazzo Floor Grinders
                             22.01 12.19
and Tenders
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BRHI0001C 03/01/1999		
MARBLE MASONS	Rates 25.37	Fringes 12.19
BRHI0001D 03/01/1999		
TILE LAYERS (CERAMIC) TILE LAYER FINISHERS (CERAMIC)	Rates 25.37 22.01	Fringes 12.19 12.19
* CARP0745A 09/04/2000		
CIMT 0 , 1311 0 0 , 0 1 , 2000	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTERS: Carpenters; Hardwood Floor Layers; Patent Scaffold		
Erectors (14 ft. and over); Piledrivers; Pneumatic Nailers; Wood Shinglers; and Transit		
and/or Layout Man	28.60	15.05
Millwrights and Machine Erector	s 28.85	15.05
Power Saw Operators (2 H.P. and over)	28.75	15.05
* CARP0745B 09/04/2000		
" CARPU/43B 09/04/2000	Rates	Fringes
DRYWALL HANGERS	28.85	15.02
LATHERS	28.85	15.02
ELEC1186A 08/15/1999		
	Rates	Fringes
ELECTRICIANS: Electricians	29.95	5.53+30.6%
Technicians		5.53+30.6%
Cable Splicers	32.95	5.53+30.6%
ELEC1186B 08/15/1999		
EDEC1100B 00/13/1999	Rates	Fringes
LINE CONSTRUCTION:		
Linemen Technicians	29.95 30.85	5.53+30.6% 5.53+30.6%
Heavy Equipment Operators	26.96	5.53+30.6%
Cable Splicers	32.95	5.53+30.6%
Groundmen; Truck Drivers	22.46	5.53+30.6%
ELEV0126A 10/04/1999		
HHH (012011 10/01/1999	Rates	Fringes
ELEVATOR MECHANICS	34.65	6.935+a+b
a. VACATION: Employer contributes for 5 years service and 6% of for 6 months to 5 years service credit.	basic hourly r	ate
b. PAID HOLIDAYS: New Year's Day, Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiv after Thanksgiving Day and	ing Day, Day	
ENGI0003H 09/01/1997	Rates	Fringes
ASPHALT PAVING:	114000	1111900
Asphalt Raker	25.83	11.73+a
Asphalt Spreader Operator Roller Operator:	27.11	11.73+a
Over 5 tons	26.79	11.73+a
5 tons and under	25.56	11.73+a
Screedperson	26.14	11.73+a
Hand Roller	25.33	11.73+a

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a. VACATION: Employee who has completed 1 to 9 years of service shall receive a vacation of 2 weeks each year with pay; 10 or more years of service, a vacation of 4 weeks each year with pay.

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ENGI0003I 08/31/1998 Rates Fringes POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS: 25.24 13.98 GROUP 1 13.98 GROUP 2 25.35 13.98 GROUP 3 25.52 13.98 25.79 GROUP 4 13.98 26.10 GROUP 5 13.98 GROUP 6 26.75 GROUP 7 13.98 27.07 13.98 GROUP 8 27.18 13.98 GROUP 9 27.29 27.52 13.98 GROUP 9A 27.58 13.98 GROUP 10 27.73 13.98 GROUP 10A 27.88 28.24 28.60 13.98 GROUP 11 13.98 GROUP 12 13.98 GROUP 12A WAGE RATES FOR TUNNEL WORK: 25.54 13.98 GROUP 1 13.98 GROUP 2 25.65 13.98 GROUP 3 25.82 26.09 13.98 GROUP 4 26.40 13.98 GROUP 5 13.98 27.05 GROUP 6 27.37 13.98 GROUP 7 27.48 13.98 GROUP 8 13.98 27.59 GROUP 9 27.82 13.98 GROUP 9A 27.88 13.98 GROUP 10 13.98 GROUP 10A 28.03 28.18 13.98 GROUP 11 GROUP 12 28.54 13.98 GROUP 12A 28.90 13.98 POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS GROUP 1: Fork Lift (up to and including 10 tons); Partsman (heavy duty repair shop parts room when needed). GROUP 2: Conveyor Operator (Handling building material); Hydraulic Monitor; Mixer Box Operator (Concrete Plant). GROUP 3: Brakeman; Deckhand; Fireman; Oiler; Oiler/Gradechecker; Signalman; Switchman; Highline Cableway Signalman; Bargeman; Bunkerman; Concrete Curing Machine (self-propelled, automatically applied unit on streets, highways, airports and canals); Leveeman; Roller (5 tons and under); Tugger Hoist. GROUP 4: Boom Truck or dual purpose "A" Frame Truck (5 tons or less); Concrete Placing Boom (Building Construction); Dinky Operator; Elevator Operator; Hoist and/or Winch (one drum); Straddle Truck (Ross Carrier, Hyster and similar). GROUP 5: Asphalt Plant Fireman; Compressors, Pumps, Generators and Welding Machines ("Bank" of 9 or more, individually or collectively); Concrete Pumps or Pumpcrete Guns; Lubrication and Service Engineer (Grease Rack); Screedman. GROUP 6: Boom Truck or Dual Purpose "A"Frame Truck (over 5 tons); Combination Loader/Backhoe (up to and including 3/4 cu. yd.); Concrete Batch Plants (wet or dry); Concrete Cutter, Groover and/or Grinder (self-propelled unit on streets, highways, airports, and canals); Conveyor or Concrete Pump (Truck or Equipment Mounted); Drilling Machinery (not to apply to waterliners, wagon drills or jack hammers); Fork Lift (over 10

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tons); Loader (up to and including 3 and 1/2 cu. yds); Lull High Lift (under 40 feet); Lubrication and Service Engineer (Mobile); Maginnis Internal Full Slab Vibrator (on airports, highways, canals and warehouses); Man or Material Hoist; Mechanical Concrete Finisher (Large Clary, Johnson Bidwell, Bridge Deck and similar); Mobile Truck Crane Driver; Portable Shotblast Concrete Cleaning Machine; Portable Boring Machine (under streets, highways, etc.); Portable Crusher; Power Jumbo Operator (setting slip forms, etc., in tunnels); Rollers (over 5 tons); Selfpropelled Compactor (single engine); Self-propelled Pavement Breaker; Skidsteer Loader with attachments; Slip Form Pumps (Power driven by hydraulic, electric, air, gas, etc., lifting device for concrete forms); Small Rubber Tired Tractors; Trencher (up to and including 6 feet); Underbridge Personnel Aerial Platform (50 feet of platform or less). GROUP 7: Crusher Plant Engineer, Dozer (D-4, Case 450, John Deere 450, and similar); Dual Drum Mixer, Extend Lift; Hoist and/or Winch (2 drums); Loader (over 3 and 1/2 cu. yds. up to and including 6 yards.); Mechanical Finisher or Spreader Machine (asphalt), (Barber Greene and similar) (Screedman required); Mine or Shaft Hoist; Mobile Concrete Mixer (over 5 tons); Pipe Bending Machine (pipelines only); Pipe Cleaning Machine (tractor propelled and supported); Pipe Wrapping Machine (tractor propelled and supported); Roller Operator (Asphalt); Self-Propelled Elevating Grade Plane; Slusher Operator; Tractor (with boom) (D-6, or similar); Trencher (over 6 feet and less than 200 h.p.); Water Tanker (pulled by Euclids, T-Pulls, DW-10, 20 or 21, or similar); Winchman (Stern Winch on Dredge). GROUP 8: Asphalt Plant Operator; Barge Mate (Seagoing); Cast-in-Place Pipe Laying Machine; Concrete Batch Plant (multiple units); Conveyor Operator (tunnel); Deckmate; Dozer (D-6 and similar); Finishing Machine Operator (airports and highways); Gradesetter; Kolman Loader (and similar); Mucking Machine (Crawler-type); Mucking Machine (Conveyor-type); No-Joint Pipe Laying Machine; Portable Crushing and Screening Plant; Power Blade Operator (under 12); Saurman Type Dragline (up to and including 5 yds.); Stationary Pipe Wrapping, Cleaning and Bending Machine; Surface Heater and Planer Operator, Tractor (D-6 and similar); Tri-Batch Paver; Tunnel Badger; Tunnel Mole and/or Boring Machine Operator Underbridge Personnel Aerial Platform (over 50 feet of platform). GROUP 9: Combination Mixer and Compressor (gunite); Do-Mor Loader and Adams Elegrader; Dozer (D-7 or equal); Wheel and/or Ladder Trencher (over 6 feet and 200 to 749 h.p.). GROUP 9A: Dozer (D-8 and similar); Gradesetter (when required by the Contractor to work from drawings, plans or specifications without the direct supervision of a foreman or superintendent); Push Cat; Scrapers (up to and including 20 cu. yds); Selfpropelled Compactor with Dozer; Self-Propelled, Rubber-Tired Earthmoving Equipment (up to and including 20 cu. yds) (621 Band and similar); Sheep's Foot; Tractor (D-8 and similar); Tractors with boom (larger than D-6, and similar). GROUP 10: Chicago Boom; Cold Planers; Heavy Duty Repairman or Welder; Hoist and/or Winch (3 drums); Hydraulic Skooper (Koehring and similar); Loader (over 6 cu. yds. up to and including 12 cu. yds.); Saurman type Dragline (over 5 cu. yds.); Self-propelled, rubber-tired Earthmoving Equipment (over 20 cu. yds. up to and including 31 cu. yds.) (637D and similar); Soil Stabilizer (P & H or equal); Sub-Grader (Gurries or other automatic type); Tractors (D-9 or equivalent, all attachments); Tractor (Tandem Scraper); Watch Engineer. GROUP 10A: Boat Operator; Cable-operated Crawler Crane (up to and including 25 tons); Cable-operated Power Shovel, Clamshell, Dragline and Backhoe (up to and including 1 cu. yd.); Dozer D9-L; Dozer (D-10, HD41 and similar) (all attachments); Gradall (up to

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and including 1 cu. yd.); Hydraulic Backhoe (over 3/4 cu. yds. up to and including 2 cu. yds.); Mobile Truck Crane Operator (up to and including 25 tons) (Mobile Truck Crane Driver Required); Self-propelled Boom Type Lifting Device (Center Mount) (up to and including 25 tons) (Grove, Drott, P&H, Pettibone and similar; Trencher (over 6 feet and 750 h.p. or more); Watch Engineer (steam or electric). GROUP 11: Automatic Slip Form Paver (concrete or asphalt); Band Wagon (in conjunction with Wheel Excavator); Cable-operated Crawler Cranes (over 25 tons but less than 50 tons); Cableoperated Power Shovel, Clamshell, Dragline and Backhoe (over 1 cu. yd. up to 7 cu. yds.); Gradall (over 1 cu. yds. up to 7 cu. yds.); DW-10, 20, etc. (Tandem); Earthmoving Machines (multiple propulsion power units and 2 or more Scrapers) (up to and including 35 cu. yds., "struck" m.r.c.); Highline Cableway; Hydraulic Backhoe (over 2 cu. yds. up to and including 4 cu. yds.); Leverman; Lift Slab Machine; Loader (over 12 cu. yds); Master Boat Operator; Mobile Truck Crane Operator (over 25 tons but less than 50 tons); (Mobile Truck Crane Driver required); Pre-stress Wire Wrapping Machine; Self-propelled Boom-type Lifting Device (Center Mount) (over 25 tons m.r.c); Selfpropelled Compactor (with multiple-propulsion power units); Single Engine Rubber Tired Earthmoving Machine (with Tandem Scraper); Tandem Cats; Trencher (pulling attached shield). GROUP 12: Clamshell or Dipper Operator; Derricks; Drill Rigs; Multi-Propulsion Earthmoving Machines (2 or more Scrapers) (over 35 cu. yds "struck"m.r.c.); Operators (Derricks, Piledrivers and Cranes); Power Shovels and Draglines (7 cu. yds. m.r.c. and over); Self-propelled rubber-tired Earthmoving equipment (over 31 cu. yds.) (657B and similar); Wheel Excavator (up to and including 750 cu. yds. per hour); Wheel Excavator (over 750 cu. yds. per hour). GROUP 12A: Dozer (D-11 or similar or larger); Hydraulic Excavators (over 4 cu. yds.); Lifting cranes (50 tons and over); Pioneering Dozer/Backhoe (initial clearing and excavation for the purpose of providing access for other equipment where the terrain worked involves 1-to-1 slopes that are 50 feet in height or depth, the scope of this work does not include normal clearing and grubbing on usual hilly terrain nor the excavation work once the access is provided); Power Blade Operator (Cat 12 or equivalent or over); Straddle Lifts (over 50 tons); Tower Crane, Mobile; Traveling Truss Cranes; Universal, Liebher, Linden, and similar types of Tower Cranes (in the erection, dismantling, and moving of equipment there shall be an additional Operating Engineer or Heavy Duty Repairman); Yo-Yo Cat or Dozer. HELICOPTER WORK: Pilot of Helicopter 29.41 13.98 Co-Pilot of Helicopter 29.24 13.98 Airborne Hoist Operator for Helicopter 29.10 13.98 DIVERS (AQUA LUNG) (SCUBA): Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba) (up to a depth of 30 feet) 39.93 13.98 Diver (Aqua Lung) (Scuba) 49.30 (over a depth of 30 feet) 13.98 Stand-by Diver (Aqua Lung) 30.55 13.98 (Scuba) DIVERS (OTHER THAN AQUA LUNG): Diver (Other than Aqua Lung) 49.30 13.98 Stand-By Diver (Other than 30.55 13.98 Aqua Lung) Diver Tender (Other than 27.52 13.98 Aqua Lung)

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BOOMS AND/OR LEADS (HOURLY PREMIUMS):
  The Operator of a crane (under 50 tons) with a boom of 80
  feet or more (including jib), or of a crane (under 50 tons)
  with leads of 100 feet or more, shall receive a per hour
  premium for each hour worked on said crane (under 50 tons)
  in accordance with the following schedule:
Booms of 80 feet up to but
 not including 130 feet or
 Leads of 100 feet up to but
not including 130 feet
                                       0.35
Booms and/or Leads of 130 feet
 up to but not including 180 feet 0.50
Booms and/or Leads of 180 feet up
 to and including 250 feet
                                       0.90
Booms and/or Leads over 250 feet 1.35
  The Operator of a crane (50 tons and over) with a boom of 180
  feet or more (including jib) shall receive a per hour premium
  for each hour worked on said crane (50 tons and over) in
  accordance with the following schedule:
Booms of 180 feet up to
 and including 250 feet
                                       1.00
Booms over 250 feet
                                       1.50
 ENGI0003K 08/31/1998
                                     Rates
                                                   Fringes
TRUCK DRIVERS:
                                      25.52
GROUP 1
                                                     13.98+a
                                      25.79
                                                     13.98+a
GROUP 2
                                                     13.98+a
GROUP 3
                                      26.10
                                                     13.98+a
GROUP 4
                                      26.75
                                                     13.98+a
GROUP 5
                                      27.07
                                                     13.98+a
GROUP 6
                                      27.18
TRUCK DRIVERS CLASSIFICATIONS
GROUP 1: Utility, flatbed, or similar.
GROUP 2: Dump, 8 yards, and under (water level); water truck, up
to and including 2,000 gallons.
GROUP 3: Tandem Dump, over 8 yards (water level); water truck
(over 2,000 gallons).
GROUP 4: Semi-trailer, rock cans, or semi-dump.
GROUP 5: Slip-in or pup.
GROUP 6: End dumps (unlicensed); tractor trailer (hauling
equipment).
a. An employee who has completed 1 but less than 2 years service-
1 week's paid vacation; 2 but less than 10 years service - 2
weeks paid vacation; 10 but less than 15 years service - 3
weeks paid vacation; and 15 or more years service - 4 weeks
paid vacation.
ENGI0003L 08/31/1998
                                    Rates
                                                     Fringes
DREDGING:
CLAMSHELL OR DIPPER DREDGES:
GROUP 1
                                                    13.98
                                      28.24
                                      27.58
                                                     13.98
GROUP 2
                                                     13.98
GROUP 3
                                      27.18
GROUP 4
                                      25.52
                                                     13.98
DREDGING CLASSIFICATIONS
GROUP 1: Clamshell or Dipper Operator.
GROUP 2: Mechanic or Welder; Watch Engineer.
GROUP 3: Barge Mate; Deckmate.
GROUP 4: Bargeman; Deckhand; Fireman; Oiler.
HYDRAULIC SUCTION DREDGES:
GROUP 1
                                                    13.98
                                      27.88
GROUP 2
                                      27.73
                                                      13.98
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GROUP 3	27.58	13.98
GROUP 4	27.52	13.98
GROUP 5	27.18	13.98
GROUP 6	27.07	13.98
GROUP 7	25.52	13.98
DREDGING CLASSIFICATIONS		
GROUP 1: Leverman.		
GROUP 2: Watch Engineer (steam o	or electric).	
GROUP 3: Mechanic or Welder.		
GROUP 4: Dozer Operator.		
GROUP 5: Deckmate.		
GROUP 6: Winchman (Stern Winch o	n Dredge).	
GROUP 7: Deckhand (can operate a	nchor scow under	r direction of
Deckmate); Fireman; Leveeman; Oil	er.	
DERRICKS:		
GROUP 1	28.24	13.98
GROUP 2	27.58	13.98
GROUP 3	27.18	13.98
GROUP 4	25.52	13.98
DERRICK CLASSIFICATIONS		
GROUP 1: Operators (Derricks, Pi	ledrivers and C	ranes).
GROUP 2: Saurman Type Dragline (	over 5 cubic yas	rds).
GROUP 3: Deckmate; Saurman Type	Dragline (up to	and including
5 yards).		
GROUP 4: Deckhand, Fireman, Oile	er.	
BOAT OPERATORS:		
Master Boat Operator	27.88	13.98
Boat Operator	27.73	13.98
Boat Deckhand	25.52	13.98
* TDONOG257 00/04/2000		

#### \* IRON0625A 09/04/2000

Rates Fringes
IRONWORKERS 25.50+a 18.66
a. Employees will be paid \$.50 per hour more while working in tunnels and coffer dams; \$1.00 per hour more when required

tunnels and coller dams; \$1.00 per hour more when required to work under or are covered with water (submerged) and when they are required to work on the summit of Mauna Kea, Mauna Loa or Haleakala.

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#### \* LABO0368A 09/04/2000

	Rates	Fringes
LABORERS:		
GROUP 1	22.45	10.74
GROUP 2	20.85	10.74
GROUP 3	23.45	10.74
GROUP 4	22.95	10.74
GROUP 5	21.95	10.74
GROUP 6	14.85	6.49
MASON TENDERS	22.70	10.74

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Asbestos Removal Worker (EPA certified workers);
Asphalt Ironer, Raker, Luteman, and Handroller, and all types
of Asphalt Spreader Boxes; Asphalt Shoveler; Assembly and
Installation of Multiplates, Liner Plates, Rings, Mesh, Mats;
Batching Plant (portable and temporary); Boring Machine Operator
(under streets and sidewalks); Buggymobile; Burning, Welding,
Signalling, Choke Setting, and Rigging in connection with
Laborers' work (except demolition); Chainsaw, Faller, Logloader,
and Bucker; Compactors (Jackson and similar); Concrete Bucket
Dumpman; Concrete Chipping; Concrete Chuteman/Hoseman (pouring
concrete) (the handling of the chute from ready-mix trucks for
such jobs as walls, slabs, decks, floors, foundations, footings,
curbs, gutters, and sidewalks); Concrete Core Cutter (Walls,
Floors, and Ceiling); Concrete Curer (impervious membrane and

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form oiler); Concrete Grinding or Sanding; Concrete: Hooking on, signaling, dumping of concrete for treme work over water on caissons, pilings, abutments, etc.; Concrete: Mixing, handling, conveying, pouring, vibrating, otherwise placing of concrete or aggregates or by any other process; Concrete: Operation of motorized wheelbarrows or buggies or machines of similar character, whether run by gas, diesel, or electric power; Concrete Pump Machine (laying, coupling, uncoupling of all connections and cleaning of equipment); Concrete and/or Asphalt Saw (Walking or Handtype) (cutting walls or flatwork) (scoring old or new concrete and/or asphalt) (cutting for expansion joints) (streets and ways for laying of pipe, cable or conduit for all purposes); Concrete Shovelers/Laborers (Wet or Dry); Concrete Screeding for Rough Strike-Off; Rodding or striking-off, by hand or mechanical means prior to finishing; Concrete Vibrator Operator; Coring Holes: Walls, footings, piers or other obstructions for passage of pipes or conduits for any purpose and the pouring of concrete to secure the hole; Curbing, Concreting, and Asphalt; Curing of Concrete, mortar, and other materials by any mode or method; Cut Granite Curb Setter (setting, leveling and grouting of all precast concrete or stone curbs); Cutting and Burning Torch (demolition); Dri Pak-It Machine; Driller (Track, Diamond Core, and Wagon); Driller (Joydrill Model TWM-2A, Gardner Denver DH-143 and similar type drills); Driller (Mechanical) (not covered elsewhere) (including multiple unit); (Ingersoll-Rand DM45E/DM50E/LM-100/LM-600C, Gardner-Denver SCH2500/SCH3500BV, Furukawa HCR-C300, Tamrock Drilltech CHA800/DHH 850 Tamrock Commando) (similar and replacement equipment thereof); Drilling for blasting; Operation of all rock and concrete drills and Jack Hammers, including handling, carrying, laying out of hose; (Ingersoll-Rand DM45E/DM50E/LM-100/LM-600C), Gardner-Denver SCH2500/SCH3500 BV, Furukawa HCR-C300, Tamrock Drilltech CHA 800/DHH 850/Tamrock Commando) (similar and replacement equipment thereof); Drilling (Mechanical) on the site or along the rightof-way as well as access roads, reservoirs, including areas adjacent or pertinent to construction sites); Falling, bucking, yarding, loading or burning of all trees or timber on construction site; Fence and/or Guardrail Erector; Forklift (9 ft. and under); Grating and Grill work for drains or other purposes; Green Cutter of concrete or aggregate in any form, by hand, mechanical means, grindstone or air and/or water; Grout: Spreading for any purpose; Guinea Chaser (Grade Checker) for general utility trenches, sitework, and excavation; Headerboard Man (Asphalt or Concrete); Heat Welder of Plastic (Laborers' AGC certified workers) (when work involves waterproofing for waterponds, artificial lakes and reservoir, or heat welding for sewer pipes); Heavy Highway Laborer (Rigging, signaling, handling, and installation of pre-cast catch basins, manholes, curbs and gutters); High Pressure Nozzleman - Hydraulic Monitor (over 100# pressure); Installation of Gilsulate 500XR; Jackhammer Operator; Jacking of slip forms; All semi and unskilled work connected therewithin; Laying of all multi-cell conduit or multipurpose pipe; Magnesite and Mastic Workers (Wet or Dry)(including mixer operator); Mortar Man; Mortar Mixer (Block, Brick, Masonry, and Plastering); Nozzleman (Sandblasting and/or Water Blasting); Operation, Manual or Hydraulic jacking of shields and the use of such other mechanical equipment as may be necessary; Pavement Breakers; Paving, curbing and surfacing of streets, ways, courts, under and overpasses, bridges, approaches, slope walls, and all other labor connected therewith; Pilecutters; Pipe Accessment in place, bolting and lining up of sectional metal or other pipe including corrugated pipe; Pipelayer performing all services in the laying and installation of pipe from the point of receiving pipe in the ditch until

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completion of operation, including any and all forms of tubular material, whether pipe, metallic or non-metallic, conduit, and any other stationary-type of tubular device used for conveying of any substance or element, whether water, sewage, solid, gas, air, or other product whatsoever and without regard to the nature of material from which tubular material is fabricated; No-joint pipe and stripping of same, Pipewrapper, Caulker, Bander, Kettlemen, and men applying asphalt, Laykold, treating Creosote and similartype materials (6-inch) pipe and over); Piping: resurfacing and paving of all ditches in preparation for laying of all pipes; Pipe laying of lateral sewer pipe from main or side sewer to buildings or structure (except Contactor may direct work be done under proper supervision); Pipe laying, leveling and marking of the joint used for main or side sewers and storm sewers; Laying of all clay, terra cotta, ironstone, vitrified concrete or other pipe for drainage; Placing and setting of water mains, gas mains and all pipe including removal of skids; Plaster Mortar Mixer/ Pump; Pneumatic Impact Wrench; Portable Sawmill Operation: Choker setters, off bearers, and lumber handlers connected with clearing; Posthole Digger (Hand Held, Gas, Air and Electric); Power Broom Sweepers (Small); Preparation and Compaction of roadbeds for railroad track laying, highway construction, and the preparation of trenches, footings, etc., for cross-country transmission by pipelines, electrical transmission or underground lines or cables (by mechanical means); Raising of structure by manual or hydraulic jacks or other methods and resetting of structure in new locations, including all concrete work; Ramming or compaction; Riprap, Stonepaver, and Rock Slinger (includes placement of stacked concrete, wet or dry and loading, unloading, signaling, slinging and setting of other similar materials); Rotary Scarifier (including multiple head concrete chipping Scarifier); Salamander Heater, Drying of plaster, concrete mortar or other aggregate; Sandblaster (Nozzleman) handling, placing and operation of nozzle; Scaffold Erector; Scaffolds: (Swing and hanging) including maintenance thereof; Scaler; Septic Tank/Cesspool and Drain Fields Digger and Installer; Shredder/Chipper (tree branches, brush, etc.); Stripping and Setting Forms; Stripping of Forms: Other than panel forms which are to be re-used in their original form, and stripping of forms on all flat arch work; Tampers (Barko, Wacker, and similar type); Tank Scaler and Cleaners; Tarman; Tree Climbers and Trimmers; Trencher (includes hand-held, Davis T-66 and similar type); Trucks (flatbed up to and including 2 1/2 tons when used in connection with on-site Laborers'work; Trucks (Refuse and Garbage Disposal) (from job site to dump); Vibra-Screed (Bull Float in connection with Laborers' work); Well Points, Installation of or any other dewatering system. GROUP 2: Air Blasting; Appliance Handling (job site) (after delivery and unloading in storage area); Asphalt Laborer; Asphalt Plant Laborer; Backfill work connected with the installation of Gilsulate 500XR; Backfilling, Grading and all other labor connected therewith; Boring Machine; Bridge Laborer; Burning of all debris (crates, boxes, packaging waste materials); Cemetary Laborers; Chainman, Rodmen, and Grade Markers; Cleaning and Clearing of all debris; Cleaning, clearing, grading and/or removal for streets, highways, roadways, aprons, runways, sidewalks, parking areas, airports, approaches, and other similar installations; Cleaning or reconditioning of streets, ways, sewers and waterlines, all maintenance work and work of an unskilled and semi-skilled nature; Cleanup of Grounds and Buildings (other than "Light Clean-Up") (Janitorial Laborer); Clean-up of right-of-way; Clearing and slashing of brush or trees by hand or mechanical cutting; Concrete Bucket Tender (Groundman) hooking and unhooking of bucket; Concrete Forms; moving,

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cleaning, oiling and carrying to the next point of erection of all forms; Concrete Products Plant Laborers; Conveyor Tender (conveying of building materials); Cribbers, Shorer, Lagging, Sheeting, and Trench Jacking and Bracing, Hand-Guided Lagging Hammer Whaling Bracing; Crushed Stone Yards and Gravel and Sand Pit Laborers and all other similar plants; Demolition, Wrecking and Salvage Laborers: Wrecking and dismantling of buildings and all structures, with use of cutting or wrecking tools, burning or cutting, breaking away, cleaning and removal of all masonry, wood or metal fixtures for salvage or scrap, All hooking, unhooking, signaling of materials for salvage or scrap removed by crane or derrick; Digging under streets, roadways, aprons or other paved surfaces; Driller, Chuck Tender, Outside Nipper; Dry-packing of concrete (plugging and filling of she-bolt holes); Excavation, Preparation of street ways and bridges; Fence and/or Guardrail Erector; Dismantling and/or re-installation of all fence; Finegrader; Firewatcher; Flagman (Coning, preparing, establishing and removing portable roadway barricade devices); Signal Men on all construction work defined herein, including Traffic Control Signal Men at construction site; Garbage and Debris Handlers and Cleaners; Gas, Pneumatic, and Electric Tools, not listed Group 1 (except Rototiller); General Clean-up: sweeeping, cleaning, washdown, wiping of construction facility, and equipment (other than "Light Clean-up" [Janitorial] Laborer); General Excavation and Grading (all labor connected therewith); Digging of trenches, ditches and manholes and the leveling, grading and other preparation prior to laying pipe or conduit for any purpose; Excavations and foundations for buildings, piers, foundations and holes, and all other construction; General Laborer; Gunite Operator; Junk Yard Laborers (same as Salvage Yard); Landscape Nursery Laborers; Laser Beam "Target Man" in connection with Laborers' work; Layout Person for Plastic (when work involves waterproofing for waterponds, artificial lakes and reservoirs); Limbers, Brush Loaders, and Pilers; Loading, Unloading, carrying, distributing and handling of all rods and material for use in reinforcing concrete construction (except when a derrick or outrigger operated by other than hand power is used); Loading, unloading, sorting, stockpiling, handling and distribution of water mains, gas mains and all pipes; Loading and unloading of all materials, fixtures, furnishings and appliances from point of delivery to stockkpile to point of installation; hooking and signalling from truck, conveyance or stockpile; Material Yard Laborers; Parks and Sports arenas and all recreational center employees; Pipelayer Tender; Pipewrapper, Caulker, Bander, Kettlemen, and men applying asphalt, Laykold, Creosote, and similar-type materials (pipe under 6 inches); Plasterer Laborer (including Hod Carrier); Preparation, construction and maintenance of roadbeds and sub-grade for all paving, including excavation, dumping, and spreading of sub-grade material; Prestressed or prescast concrete slabs, walls, or sections: all loading, unloading, stockpiling, hooking on of such slabs, walls or sections; Quarry Laborers; Railroad, Streetcar, and Rail Transit Maintenance and Repair; Removal of surplus material; Roustabout; Rubbish Trucks in connection with Building Construction Projects (excluding clearing, grubbing, and excavating); Salvage Yard: All work connected with cutting, cleaning, storing, stockpiling or handling of materials, all cleanup, removal of debris, burning, back-filling and landscaping of the site; Scaffolds: Erection, planking and removal of all scaffolds used for support for lathers, plasters, brick layers, masons, and other construction trades crafts; Scaffolds: (Specially designed by carpenters) laborers shall tend said carpenter on erection and dismantling therof, preparation for foundation or mudsills, maintenance; Scraping of floors; Screeds:

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Handling of all screeds to be reused; handling, dismantling and conveyance of screeds; Setting, leveling and securing or bracing of metal or other road forms and expansion joints; Sheeting Piling/trench shoring (handling and placing of skip sheet or wood plank trench shoring); Ship Scalers; Shipwright; Sign Erector (subdivision traffic, regulatory, and street-name signs); Sloper; Slurry Seal Crews (Mixer Operator, Applicator, Squeegee Man, Shuttle Man, Top Man); Snapping of wall ties and removal of tie rods; Soil Test operations of semi and unskilled labor such as filling sand bags; Striper (Asphalt, Concrete or other Paved Surfaces); Tagging and Signaling of all building materials into high-rise units; Tool Room Attendant (Job Site); Traffic Delineating Device Applicator; Underpinning, lagging, bracing, propping and shoring, loading, signaling, right-of-way clearance along the route of movement, The clearance of new site, excavation of foundation when moving a house or structure from old site to new site; Utilities employees; Water Man; Waterscape/Hardscape Laborers; Wire Mesh Pulling (all concrete pouring operations); Wrecking, stripping, dismantling and handling concrete forms an false work. GROUP 3: Licensed Powdermen.

GROUP 5: Window Washer (Outside) (Working from bosun's chair and/or cable-suspended scaffold or work platform).

GROUP 6: Light Clean-Up.

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#### LABO0368B 07/05/2000

	Rates	Fringes
LANDSCAPE AND IRRIGATION LABORERS:		
Group 1	16.61	5.02
Group 2	17.11	5.02
Group 3	13.61	5.02

# LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Installation of non-potable permanent or temporary irrigation water systems performed for the purposes of Landscaping and Irrigation architectural horticultural work; the installation of drinking fountains and permanent or temporary irrigation systems using potable water for Landscaping and Irrigation architectural horticultural purposes only. This work includes (a) the installation of all heads, risers, valves, valve boxes, vacuum breakers (pressure and non-pressure), low voltage electrical lines and, provided such work involves electrical wiring that will carry 24 volts or less, the installation of sensors, master control panels, display boards, junction boxes, conductors, including all other components for controllers, (b) and metallic (copper, brass, galvanized, or similar) pipe, as well as PVC or other plastic pipe including all work incidental thereto, i.e., unloading, handling and distribution of all pipes fittings, tools, materials and equipment, (c) all soldering work in connection with the above whether done by torch, soldering iron, or other means; (d) tie-in to main lines, thrust blocks (both precast and poured in place), pipe hangers and supports incidental to installation of the entire irrigation system, (e) making of pressure tests, start-up testing, flushing, purging, water balancing, placing into operation all irrigation equipment, fixtures and appurtenances installed under this agreement, and (f) the fabrication, replacement, repair and servicing oflandscaping and irrigation systems. Operation of hand-held gas, air, electric, or self-powered tools and equipment used in the performance of Landscape and Irrigation work in connection with architectural horticulture; Choke-setting, signaling, and rigging for equipment operators on job-site in the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work;

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Concrete work (wet or dry) performed in connection with such Landscaping and Irrigation work. This work shall also include the setting of rock, stone, or riprap in connection with such Landscape, Waterscape, Rockscape, and Irrigation work; Grubbing, pick and shovel excavation, and hand rolling or tamping in connection with the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Sprigging, handseeding, and planting of trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plantings and the performance of all types of gardening and horticultural work relating to said planting; Operation of flat bed trucks (up to and including 2 1/2 tons).

GROUP 2: Layout of irrigation and other non-potable irrigation water systems and the layout of drinking fountains and other potable irrigation water systems in connection with such Landscaping and Irrigation work. This includes the layout of all heads, risers, valves, valve boxes, vacuum breakers, low voltage electrical lines, hydraulic and electrical controllers, and metallic (coppers, brass, galvanized, or similar) pipe, as well as PVC or other plastic pipe. This work also includes the reading and interpretation of plans and specifications in connection with the layout of Landscaping, Rockscape, Waterscape, and Irrigation work; Operation of Hydro-Mulching machines (sprayman and driver), Drillers, Trenchers (riding type, Davis T-66, and similar) and fork lifts used in connection with the performance of such Landscaping and Irrigation work; Tree climbers and chain saw tree trimmers, Sporadic operation (when used in connection with Landscaping, Rockscape, Waterscape, and Irrigation work) of Skid-Steer Loaders (Bobcat and similar), Cranes (Bantam, Grove, and similar), Hoptos, Backhoes, Loaders, Rollers, and Dozers (Case, John Deere, and similar), Water Trucks, Trucks requiring a State of Hawaii Public Utilities Commission Type 5 and/or type 7 license, sit-down type and "gang" mowers, and other self-propelled, sit-down operated machines not listed under Landscape & Irrigation Maintenance Laborer; Chemical spraying using self-propelled power spraying equipment (200 gallon capacity or more).

GROUP 3: Maintenance of trees, shrubs, ground covers, lawns and other planted areas, including the replanting of trees, shrubs, ground covers, and other plantings that did not "take" or which are damaged; provided, however, that re-planting that requires the use of equipment, machinery, or power tools shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape and Irrigation Laborer, Group 1; Raking, mowing, trimming, and pruning, including the use of "weed eaters", hedge trimmers, vacuums, blowers, and other hand-held gas, air, electric, or self-powered tools, and the operation of lawn mowers (Note: The operation of sit-down type and "gang" mowers shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape & Irrigation Laborer, Group 2); Guywiring, staking, propping, and supporting trees; Fertilizing, Chemical spraying using spray equipment with less than 200 gallon capacity, Maintaining irrigation and sprinkler systems, including the staking, clamping, and adjustment of risers, and the adjustment and/or replacement of sprinkler heads, (Note: the cleaning and gluing of pipe and fittings shall be paid for at the rate of pay specified under Landscape & Irrigation Laborer(Group 1); Watering by hand or sprinkler system and the peformance of other types of gardening, yardman, and horticultural-related work.

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# \* LABO0368C 09/04/2000

	Rates	Fringes
UNDERGROUND LABORERS:		
GROUP 1	21.45	10.74
GROUP 2	22.95	10.74

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	00.45	10 71
GROUP 3 GROUP 4	23.45 24.45	10.74 10.74
GROUP 5	24.45	10.74
GROUP 6	25.05	10.74
GROUP 7	25.50	10.74
GROUP 1: Watchmen; Change House Att		
GROUP 2: Swamper; Brakeman; Bull Ga		
Dumpmen (any method); Concret		es rodding
and spreading); Grout Crew; F GROUP 3: Chucktenders and Cabletend Vibratorman, Pavement Breaker	ders; Powderman	(Prime House);
GROUP 4: Miners - Tunnel (including		m man on shaft
and raise work); Timberman, F		
or substitute materials there		
Powderman (in heading); Headm		
(where car is lifted); Nipper		
Pumpman & Potman; Gunite, Sho		
Concrete Finisher (in tunnel) Bit Grinder; Steel Form Raise		
Pressure Nozzleman; Nozzleman		
Sandblater-Potman (combination		
interchangeable); Tugger	_	
GROUP 5: Shaft Work & Raise (below		
level); Diamond Driller; Guni Nozzleman	ite or shotcret	е
GROUP 6: Shifter		
GROUP 7: Shifter (Shaft Work & Rais	ser)	
PAIN1791A 07/01/2000	Data	T
PAINTERS:	Rates	Fringes
Brush	25.55	17.10
Sandblaster; Spray	26.05	17.10
PAIN1889A 07/01/1999	Dahas	English and a
GLAZIERS	Rates 22.05	Fringes 17.08
PAIN1926B 01/01/1999		
	Rates	Fringes
SOFT FLOOR LAYERS	22.90	14.90
PAIN1944A 01/01/2000		
111111191111 01/01/2000	Rates	Fringes
TAPERS	31.25	9.85
PLAS0630A 03/01/1999	Rates	Fringes
PLASTERERS	25.91	12.19
* PLAS0630B 09/04/2000		
G-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-14-	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASONS: Cement Masons	25.47	14 02
Trowel Machine Operators		14.83 14.83
PLUM0675A 07/04/1999		
	Rates	Fringes
PLUMBERS, PIPEFITTERS,		
STEAMFITTERS & SPRINKLER FITTERS	28.80	13.20
ROOF0221A 05/02/1999		
	Rates	Fringes

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ROOFERS	25.00	11.46
* SHEE0293A 08/27/2000		
SHEET METAL WORKERS	Rates 32.47	Fringes 13.11
SUHI1001A 09/15/1997		
DRAPERY INSTALLERS	Rates 13.60	Fringes 1.20
SUHI2001A 09/15/1997		
FENCE ERECTORS (Chain Link)	Rates 9.33	Fringes 1.65
RIGGERS; WELDERS - Receive rate poperation to which rigging incidental.		
Unlisted classifications needed for the scope of the classifications award only as provided in the lab (29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(v)).	listed may be a	dded after
In the listing above, the "SU" delisted under that identifier do no bargained wage and fringe benefit indicate unions whose rates have prevailing.  WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS 1.) Has there been an initial decimal.	ot reflect coll rates. Other been determined PROCESS	ectively designations to be
be:  * an existing published wage deter  * a survey underlying a wage deter  * a Wage and Hour Division letter position on a wage determination  * a conformance (additional class ruling  On survey related matters, initial for summaries of surveys, should leading  Regional Office for the area in whose surveys those Regional Offices has Davis-Bacon survey program. If the	rmination setting forth n matter ification and r l contact, incl be with the Wag hich the survey ve responsibili	ate) uding requests e and Hour was conducted ty for the
contact is not satisfactory, then and 3.) should be followed. With regard to any other matter no process described here, initial conformation of Construction Wage Determination Branch of Construction Wage 1 Wage and Hour Division U. S. Department of Labor	the process de ot yet ripe for ontact should b ns. Write to:	scribed in 2.) the formal
200 Constitution Avenue, N. Washington, D. C. 20210 2.) If the answer to the question interested party (those affected review and reconsideration from the Company of the constitution of	in 1.) is yes, by the action) he Wage and Hou	can request r Administrator
Wage and Hour Administrated U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue Washington, D. C. 2021	r , N. W.	
The request should be accompanied interested party's position and by		

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